COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

Prepared Under Authority Granted by The Board of Commissioners of Fulton County

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2005

Prepared pursuant to authority granted by the Board of Commissioners of Fulton County, Georgia

7001 Fulton County Government Center Atlanta, Georgia 30303

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 2005

Table of Contents

	Page
Introductory Section (Unaudited):	
Title Page	i
Table of Contents	ii
List of Principal Officials	v
Organization Chart	vi
Letter of Transmittal	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	13
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet	
To the Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
General Fund Budget to Actual - Non-GAAP Budgetary basis	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Special Service District Fund, Budget to Actual - Non-GAAP Budgetary basis	19
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	22
Statement of Cash Flows	23
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	24
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	25
Notes to the Financial Statements	26

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 2005

Table of Contents

Financial Section: (continued)		
Combining Statements and Schedules:		
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	•••••	61
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	Fund Balances	64
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Baland	ces	
Debt Service Fund Budget to Actual - Non-GAAP Budgetary ba		67
Special Revenue Funds Budget to Actual - Non-GAAP Budgetar	y basis	68
Internal Service Funds:		
Combining Statement of Net Assets		71
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fun		72
Combining Statement of Cash Flows		73
Agency Funds:		
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets		74
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities		85
Other Schedules:		
Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity		78
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - General		
Obligation Bonds		79
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Fulton County		
Building Authority Revenue Bonds		80
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Water and Sewerage		
Bonds, Series 2004, 1998 and 1992		81
Hotel/Motel Collections and Expenditures		82
Statistical Section (Unaudited):		
General Fund Expenditures and Other Uses by Function -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	I-1	83
Special Services District Fund Expenditures and Other Uses by		
Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	I-2	84
General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources by Source -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	II-1	85
Special Services District Fund Revenues by Source -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	П-2	86
General Fund Tax Revenues by Source -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	III-1	87
Special Services District Fund Tax Revenues by Source -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	III-2	88
Debt Service Fund Tax Revenues by Source -		
(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	Ш-3	89

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended December 31, 2005

Table of Contents

Statistical Section-continued (Unaudited):		
General Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years	IV-1	90
Special Services District Fund Property Tax Levies and		
Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	IV-2	91
Debt Service Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections	IV-3	92
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years	V-1	93
Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Tax Inside and Outside		
City of Atlanta - Last Ten Fiscal Years	V-2	94
Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - Last Ten Fiscal Years	VI-1	96
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments -		
Last Ten Fiscal Years - Operating and Bond Levies	VI-2	98
Net General Obligation Bonded Debt as Percent of Assessed Value		
and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita - Last Ten Fiscal Years	VII	99
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt,		
December 31, 2005	VIII	100
Computation of Legal Debt Margin, December 31, 2005	IX	101
Ratio of General Obligation Bond Annual Debt Service Expenditures		
for General Bonded Debt to Expenditures and Other Uses of the		
General Fund - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	X	102
Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage, Fulton County Water		
and Sewerage System - Last Ten Fiscal Years		
(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)	XI	103
Property Values and Bank Deposits - Last Ten Fiscal Years	XII	104
Principal Taxpayers, December 31, 2005	XIII	105
Miscellaneous Statistical Data	XIV	106
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and		
On Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in		
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		109

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF FULTON COUNTY

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Nancy A. Boxill, Vice Chair
Emma I. Darnell, Commissioner
William "Bill" Edwards, Commissioner
Tom Lowe, Commissioner
Robert L. (Robb) Pitts, Commissioner
Lynne Riley, Commissioner

Clerk of Commission

Mark Massey

County Manager

Thomas C. Andrews

County Attorney

Overtis Hicks Brantley

Director of Finance and Budget Officer

Patrick J. O'Connor

Purchasing Agent

Jerome Noble

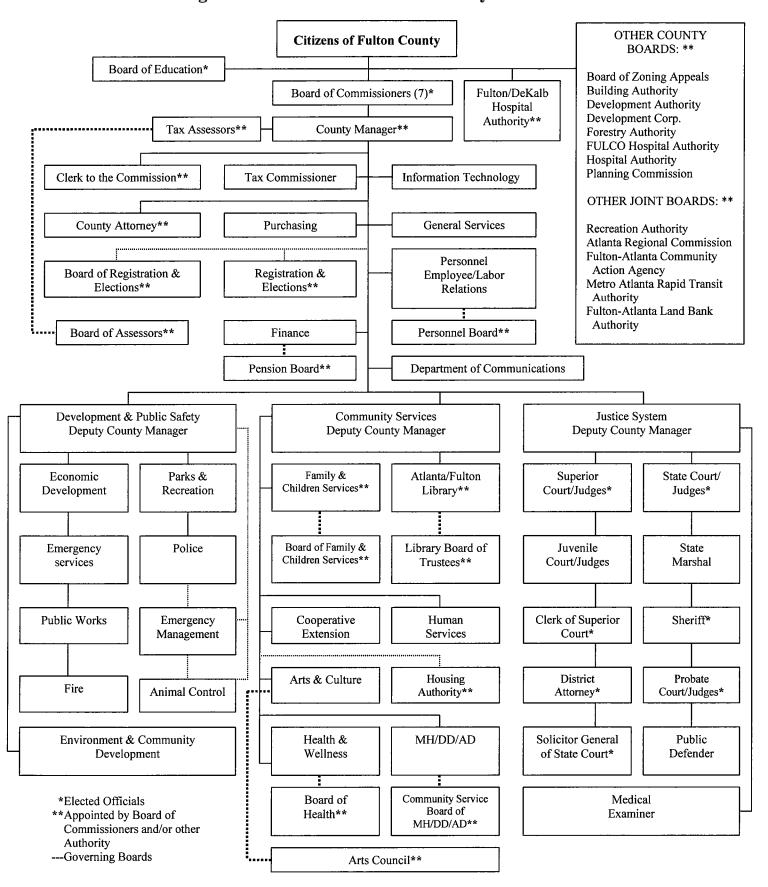
Tax Commissioner

Dr. Arthur Ferdinand

County Auditor

PJC Group, LLC

Organizational Chart of Fulton County Government



LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

SUITE 7001•141 PRYOR ST.,S.W. ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30303 TELEPHONE (404) 730-7600 FAX (404) 730-7711

June 9, 2006

To the Board of Commissioners, County Manager, and Citizens of Fulton County, Georgia

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Fulton County, Georgia (the "County"), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County financial activities are included.

Profile of the Government

Fulton is the most populous county in the State of Georgia with 874,100 residents, which is approximately 10% of the entire State's population. Over three fourths of our residents live within eleven municipalities, including the City of Atlanta and the newly created City of Sandy Springs. The County provides a full range of services to these citizens including a comprehensive court system, a full range of public health and human services and facilities, and library services to all citizens. The unincorporated section of Fulton County comprises 18% of the county population, and is additionally provided police and fire protection, street and road construction and maintenance, parks and recreational facilities, storm water and sewerage collection and disposal, and building inspection and code enforcement services. These separate services are financed through the County's Special Service District Fund, which has an independent millage rate from the County's General Fund, which finances operations for County wide activities. Other unincorporated sections are holding referendums in July 2006 to decide if they should also incorporate.

The financial impact of these incorporations has dramatically affected the County Special Service District, and additional State legislation required the County to begin accounting for revenues and expenditures by "sub-districts" for fiscal 2006. These sub-districts are also required to have separate balanced budgets based on revenues earned in each of these noncontiguous geographic areas.

Fulton County was created by an Act of the Georgia General Assembly in 1853, and the Georgia State Legislature created the Board of County Commissioners in 1880. The 1973 and 1974 Legislature amended the Board to its current seven members. The Board constitutes the governing authority for the County (Ga. Law 1880, page 500). The power of Home Rule was granted to the County by amendment to the Georgia Constitution in 1982. Five of the seven positions are elected by geographic districts and two are elected county-wide. One of the two county-wide positions is designated, by election, as the chairperson of the Board of Commissioners. Members are part-time and serve concurrent four-year terms. A County Manager implements the Board's policies, administers the county government, appoints department heads, and supervises over 5,800 full-time employees.

The financial statements, schedules, and statistical tables included in this report pertain to all functions and funds directly under the control of the Fulton County Board of Commissioners. Also included are trust and agency funds administered and controlled by various elected or appointed officials or boards which are not reported upon by any other entity. This report includes all funds of the County as well as those entities determined to have met the criteria for inclusion in the County's reporting entity. Various potential component units were evaluated. A component unit was considered to be part of the County's reporting entity when it was concluded that the County was financially accountable for the entity or the nature and significance of the relationship between the County and the entity was such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. This report includes all funds and activities of the Fulton County Building Authority, and the Fulton County Facilities Corporation which are reported as blended component units and the Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority which is discretely presented.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The Georgia State University Economic Forecasting Center publishes quarterly data relevant to the Metro Atlanta area, which indicates that the economy in Georgia and the Atlanta metro area is doing well but "is still under watch". In a summary from the May 2006 publication, Dr. Rajeev Dhawan, Director of the Georgia State University's Economic Forecasting Center believes the area's economic position remains positive throughout most sectors of concern in the local economy. However, oil prices could prove detrimental to Delta, one of the area's largest employers, while rising interest rates will dampen the housing boom. Positive job growth is still expected to continue throughout 2006 and 2007. Mr. Dhawan expects a gain of 90,878 jobs statewide in 2006 with another 71,689 jobs emerging in 2007. Georgia jobs paying higher wages (over \$45,000) increased by 10,348 in 2005 and are expected to increase by 16,893 in 2006, while 2007 would see another 12,651 jobs created. Tourism and health care added a collective 42,000 jobs statewide and remains on track to add the same number over the next three years. The Georgia Department of Labor reported a statewide unemployment rate for April of 2006 is 4.3%, a significant improvement from the 5.0% unemployment rate for April 2005. Fulton County's unemployment rate of April 2006 has dropped to 4.9% as compared to 5.7% for April 2005.

Dr. Dhawan is recognized locally as an excellent source of economic forecasts and other information. The economic data in this letter is derived from information contained in their May 2006 publication.

Our accrual basis sales tax collections, a leading economic indicator, increased significantly by 8.7% in 2005 to almost \$75 million, up from approximately \$69 million for 2004, which was 9.6% higher than approximately \$63 million in 2003. Sales tax collections are expected to be lower by approximately \$18 million in 2006 as Sandy Springs now shares in the overall sales tax revenues earned within the geographic borders of Fulton County.

The challenge for metro Atlanta governments like Fulton County is to understand these economic trends and determine ways to continue to provide quality services. The County is primarily dependent on property tax and sales tax collections for three fourths of total revenues, followed by license and fee revenues and grants. Fulton County remains in a relatively strong financial position as compared to other governments who are primarily dependent on sales tax revenues. The County is continually reevaluating our short and long term financial needs and its service delivery strategies in light of recent legislative changes in our unincorporated sections.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Fulton County management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The accompanying financial statements were prepared in conformity with GAAP and with standards set forth by:

- 1) The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB);
- 2) The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and its Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing; and
- 3) The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

As a recipient of federal, state, and local financial assistance, the County is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by management and by the Internal Audit staff of the County's Finance Department. GAAP also requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The objective of the County's budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Commissioners. Under Fulton County Budget Law, all expenditures are subject to an annual appropriation. Strict controls are in place to ensure that expenditures do not exceed these appropriations at either the departmental or the fund level. Activities of the General Fund and Special Services District Fund are included in the annual budget.

Supplemental appropriations may not legally exceed the total fund appropriation without a resolution approved by the Board of Commissioners. Appropriations are in detail by class of expenditure for each department and are controlled administratively at the line item level. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the County continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

FIDUCIARY OPERATIONS

Effective September 1, 1991, the Fulton County Employees' Retirement System (the Plan) was established as successor to four separate pension plans previously maintained (the General Employees' Pension Plan, the Public Safety Pension Plan, the Judges and Solicitors' Pension Plan, and the Employees' Pension Plan). Employees who did not elect to participate in the Plan continue to be eligible for the same benefits of the prior plans in which they participated; however, participation in the Plan was made a condition of employment for new employees as of September 1, 1991. The Plan continues its commitment to maintaining a well-diversified portfolio of equities and bonds professionally managed within the risk parameters established by the pension fund's investment policy and the requirements of State law. Net assets, available for plan benefits and other pertinent data related to the County's retirement system, are described more fully in the notes to the financial statements.

On June 16, 1999, the County adopted a 401(A) defined contribution plan and closed the Employee Retirement System Plan to new participants. All active participants in the Fulton County Employees' Retirement System have the annual option to migrate to the defined contribution plan. The County contracts with professional investment managers to actively manage the County's pension funds.

CASH MANAGEMENT

The County's investment policy is designed to minimize credit and market risks, while assuming prudent risk to maintain a competitive yield on its portfolio. All general government investments are managed first for the preservation of principal and second for enhanced investment return. Investments are limited to those which are eligible under Georgia state law. These are primarily Treasury and Government Agency Securities. All investments have a fixed coupon or investment return and a fixed maturity date. The County generally does not actively trade its portfolio but instead invests to hold the investments to maturity. Each investment is selected to prudently maximize the return on the investment, and each investment's maturity is selected to provide appropriate liquidity to meet the County's obligations on a day-to-day basis.

No investment is leveraged, and the County does not enter into reverse repurchase agreements for the purpose of investment speculation. Deposits are safeguarded by federal deposit insurance and collateralization. All collateral on deposits are held either by the County, its agents, or a financial institution's trust department in the County's name. Approximately 85% of the cash equivalents and investments held by the County for government wide activities during the year and at December 31, 2005, are rated highest as to quality. The County's new GASB 40 disclosures also show maturities of the County's portfolio. Investments are held in the County's name either by the counterpart financial institution's trust department or by a securities and exchange commission-registered brokerage firm.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Risk Management Division of the Finance Department is responsible for establishing guidelines for the purchase of insurance and evaluation of self-insurance to adequately protect the County's risk exposure. A Risk Management Information System has been developed which provides information on insurance premiums, cost allocation, claims filed, litigation expenses, and reserves for self-insured risks.

The Division has implemented a Property Information System, an enhancement of the Risk Management Information System, to store and retrieve data on all Fulton County properties for insurance purposes, as well as utilization by other departments. This system consolidated approximately 80% of the County's insurance programs and accomplished a significant cost reduction with increased liability coverage.

A separate fund was established in 1999 for risk management functions which resides in our Internal Service fund. This fund is designed to record the activities of various exposures, including general liability, employee and vehicle liability and automobile physical damage.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of PJC Group, LLC was selected by the County's Board of Commissioners to fulfill this requirement. This firm also conducts the audit of the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133. The auditors' report on the basic financial statements and supplementary information is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditors' report related specifically to the Single Audit is included in the Single Audit Report published separately.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Fulton County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. This was the nineteenth consecutive year Fulton County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Department of Finance. Each member of the Division and the Department has my sincere appreciation for their contributions in the preparation of this report.

In closing, I would also like to express my sincere appreciation to the Fulton County Board of Commissioners and the County Manager for their leadership and support in the planning and conducting of the financial operations of the County government, without which the preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Patrick J. O' Connor, CPA, CPFO

Patrul f O'Cow

Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Fulton County, Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
December 31, 2004

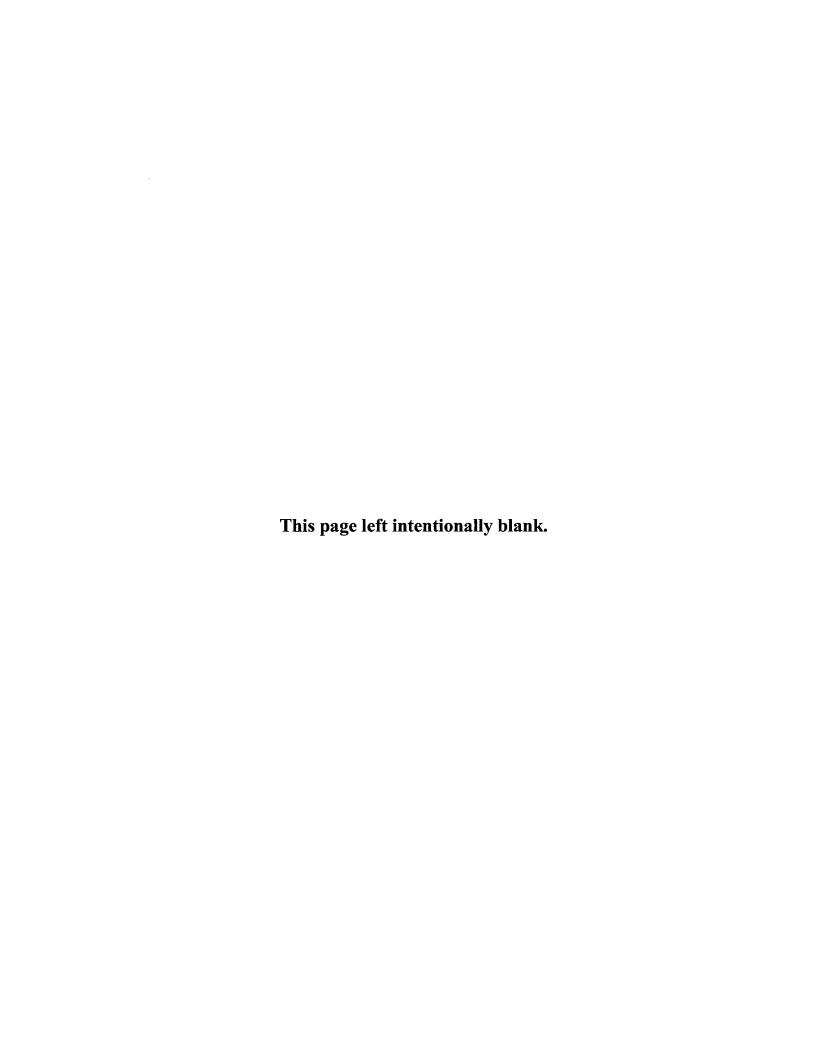
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Care Eperge

Executive Director



FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

PJC GROUP, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

55 Marietta Street, N.W. Suite 1525 Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 659-3384 Fax (404) 659-6863

> To the Board of Commissioners Fulton County, Georgia Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fulton County, Georgia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Fulton-Dekalb Hospital Authority, which statements reflect total assets (in thousands) of \$496,424, total net assets (in thousands) of \$29,181 and total revenues (in thousands) of \$527,089 of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Fulton-Dekalb Hospital Authority in the component unit column, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fulton County, Georgia, as of December 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in note 1(b) to the financial statements, the County has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – amendment of GASB Statement No. 3, and Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries, as of January 1, 2005.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2006 on our consideration of Fulton County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 are not required parts of the basis financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Fulton County, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and schedules, and the introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables and data have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

PTC GROUP, LLC

June 9, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (in thousands)

As management of Fulton County (the County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found earlier in this report. All financial information contained in this section is in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$2,036,954 (net assets). Of this amount, \$537,738 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The County's total net assets increased by \$149,995 in 2005 before an extraordinary item reduced net assets by \$253,247 for infrastructure transferred to a new municipality within County. Business type activities produced \$89,783 of the increase while the governmental activities experienced an increase of \$60,212.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$292,487, a decrease of \$7,128 in comparison with the previous year. The County's General Fund and Special Service District Fund, both major funds, generated net assets of \$16,991, while Other Governmental funds decreased \$24,119. It is important to recognize that the governmental fund financial statements differ from the Statement of Activities primarily because cash resources used for capital outlay are treated as expenditures in the governmental funds statements, but are capitalized and not considered expenditures in the statement of activities.

At the close of the fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$100,208, of which \$25,446 has been designated for future year expenditures based on Board resolution. The remaining \$74,762 is available to meet the government's other ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The Special Service District's ending fund balance was \$44,646 which has been designated for future year expenditures based on Board resolution.

The County's total long term liabilities decreased by \$41,976 in 2005 with scheduled principal payments on long term debt. Long-term liabilities related to general governmental activities decreased by \$33,609, while long-term liabilities related to business-type activities decreased by \$8,367.

The County's capital assets used for governmental activities were valued at \$981,915, of which \$52,346 are under construction. \$253 million of roadway networks net of accumulated depreciation was removed from the government-wide capital assets for roads and roadway networks that reside in a newly formed municipality within the County's unincorporated section. The County no longer owns, serves, or maintains these roadway networks. If other unincorporated areas of the County opt to become municipalities, roadway networks within their borders would also transfer to these new cities.

Business-type capital assets totaled \$900,003, of which \$56,462 is currently under construction. No interest was required to be capitalized in 2005. Depreciation is based on useful life of the underlying asset using the straight line method.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include administration, public safety, legal, which includes criminal courts and facilities, general government infrastructure and facilities, social services, health services, debt related costs, and other functions that benefit all the above categories. The business-type activities are the Water and Sewerage system and Fulton County Airport-Brown field.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*) but also the Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority, a discretely presented component unit. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-12 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the fund statements for the County's General and Special Service District fund, both of which are considered major funds under the requirements of GASB 34. In addition, the County maintains many individual governmental funds. All other governmental type funds are classified and summarized as non-major governmental funds within the governmental fund financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-19 of this report.

Proprietary fund statements

The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewerage system fund, and the Fulton County Airport-Brown Field. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate cost internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for a portion of its general facilities services, such as fleet vehicle costs, office supplies, health costs for employees and retirees, risk management and project related insurance costs, known as the Owner Controlled Insurance Program (OCIP). Because these funds predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewerage system fund which is considered a major proprietary fund of the County. The Fulton County Airport-Brown Field is a non-major enterprise fund. All four internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

Fiduciary fund statements

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The two funds are the County's defined benefit retirement plan, which is administered by the County with the assistance of professional fund managers, and various agency funds. These funds are included as a separate column and represent the balance sheet and activities of the Tax Commissioner's office, the Sheriff's office and Criminal courts, District Attorney, and Superior, Probate, Juvenile and State Court.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-60 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining statements and schedules can be found on pages 61-81 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below is a summary of the net assets of the County as of the end of the fiscal year (in thousands).

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	To	%	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 449,044	444,050	688,509	674,063	1,137,553	1,118,113	2
Capital assets	981,915	1,210,009	900,003	838,610	1,881,918	2,048,619	(8)
Total Assets	1,430,959	1,654,059	1,588,512	1,512,673	3,019,471	3,166,732	(5)
Current liabilities	49,659	45,935	10,101	15,678	59,760	61,613	(3)
Long-term liabilities	330,329	363,938	592,428	600,795	922,757	964,733	(4)
Total Liabilities	379,988	409,873	602,529	616,473	982,517	1,026,346	(4)
Net Assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	733,571	932,446	667,370	607,009	1,400,941	1,539,455	(9)
Restricted	57,364	78,932	40,911	41,809	98,275	120,741	(19)
Unrestricted	260,036	232,808	277,702	247,382	537,738	480,190	12
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,050,971	1,244,186	985,983	896,200	2,036,954	2,140,386	(5)

Net capital assets comprised the bulk of the assets of the County. This includes land, buildings, equipment, roadway networks, water and sewer systems, and any capitalizable improvements as well as assets currently under construction. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County has approximately \$852 million in cash and investments, of which approximately \$399 million is restricted for enterprise fund debt and capital projects. Governmental activities also have approximately \$57 million of restrictions on the above cash and investments for debt service, construction, state and federal grants, and other similar type external restrictions. As restricted cash is invested in capital assets, the related net asset restriction shifts from "Restricted net assets" to "Invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

Government-wide unrestricted net assets totaled \$538 million and are available to be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

The table below is a summary of the activities of the County as of the end of the fiscal year (in thousands).

		Governmenta	al Activities	Business-type	e Activities	Tot	tal	Percent	
Revenues:	_	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	Change	;
Program revenues:	_								_
Charges for services	\$	81,792	81,468	134,464	119,138	216,256	200,606	8	%
Operating grants and									
contributions		61,850	57,732	-	-	61,850	57,732	7	
Capital grants and									
contributions		50,871	25,205	60,455	8,954	111,326	34,159	226	
General revenues:									
Taxes		582,017	577,675	-	-	582,017	577,675	1	
Intergovernmental		15,917	15,475	-	-	15,917	15,475	3	
Other charges for services		12,928	12,204	-	-	12,928	12,204	6	
Use of money and property		22,585	16,439	13,000	3,826	35,585	20,265	76	
Miscellaneous	_	5,603	8,775	(678)	714	4,925	9,489	(48)	
Total revenues		833,563	794,973	207,241	132,632	1,040,804	927,605	12	
Expenses:									
Administration		97,780	100,089	-	-	97,780	100,089	(2)	
Public Safety		194,271	177,082	-	-	194,271	177,082	10	
Legal		115,217	112,916	-	-	115,217	112,916	2	
Infrastructure & facilities		81,466	67,431	-	-	81,466	67,431	21	
Social services		106,794	111,306	-	-	106,794	111,306	(4)	
Health services		160,770	158,414	-	-	160,770	158,414	1	
Interest and debt costs		17,053	18,277	-	-	17,053	18,277	(7)	
Water & Sewerage		-	-	116,583	99,571	116,583	99,571	17	
Airport services		-	-	875	965	875	965	(9)	
Total expenses		773,351	745,515	117,458	100,536	890,809	846,051	5	
Change in net assets		60,212	49,458	89,783	32,096	149,995	81,554	84	
Extraordinary item		(253,427)	-	-	-	(253,427)	-		
Beginning net assets	_	1,244,186	1,194,728	896,200	864,104	2,140,386	2,058,832	4	
Ending net assets	\$_	1,050,971	1,244,186	985,983	896,200	2,036,954	2,140,386	(5)	

Analysis of governmental activities

Net assets of the governmental activities of the County increased by \$60,212 in 2005, as compared to \$49,458 in 2004. Property and sales taxes remain the primary source of revenue for the County, while charges for services, operating grants and capital contributions comprise the other components of revenues for governmental activities. Capital contributions from developers for infrastructure increased approximately \$25 million in 2005, and interest revenues increased \$17 million due to higher rates and higher available balances that were invested for 2005.

Overall, the expenditures for governmental activities saw little change from 2004, experiencing a total overall increase of 3.3%, largely attributable to a 4% compensation increase granted in early 2005. Public safety expenditures continue to be the County's largest outlay of resources, which includes the Sheriff's office with related court security and jail costs, police, fire, medical examiner and emergency communications (911). Legal includes civil and criminal courts and related departments that serve the court system and experienced slight increases in 2005. Health services are the County's second largest expenditure. This includes the County's health centers and mental health services that are available to all County residents. This includes the County's \$80 million payment to Grady Hospital, also known as the Fulton DeKalb Hospital Authority, which provides health services to the entire region, regardless of ability to pay. Also significant in purpose and effort is social services. This includes costs to render assistance to the elderly and poor, cultural enrichment, provide libraries and parks to citizens, and community support where necessary. Administration includes executive and legislative functions, along with supporting services of assessing, billing and collecting property taxes, human resources, legal, finance, and information technology. Infrastructure and facilities is the County's public works and public building management, including roadway and transportation networks, drainage, landfill maintenance and a host of other related efforts, as well as the depreciation on these infrastructure networks. This increase in deprecation caused the largest percentage increase in expenditure category for 2005.

The statement of activities includes depreciation on capital assets used by these governmental functions, including roadways, but does not include costs for capitalizable assets, which differs from the presentation on the statement of revenues and expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Analysis of business-type activities

Charges for water and sewerage services are the primary component of the County's business-type activities. Sewerage expenses are greater than water as more resources and efforts are required to treat wastewater than produce potable water. A significant receivable of approximately \$13 million that was previously written off has been reestablished in 2005 based on a written agreement with a neighboring municipality. The Fulton County Airport-Brown field fund accounted for a minimal amount of business-type activity.

Governmental Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the focus of the County's governmental fund statements is to provide information on near-term flows, outflows, and balances of resources available to spend. Revenues for Special Service District increased slightly from the previous year due to higher license and permitting activity for economic growth, while General fund revenues were relatively unchanged from 2004. Expenditure outlays remained relatively constant with 2004 for both major funds, with the General fund showing slightly higher expenditures by 1.6%. The general and special service district funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$144,854, of which \$70,092 is designated as indicated on page 13. The total fund balances for the County's two major funds increased by \$16,991 in 2005. \$12.4 million is attributable to a reallocation of funds originating from the Special Service District for capital projects funding that remained unprogrammed. Additionally, the other non-major governmental funds include debt service, grants-in-aid, capital projects and other activities that yielded a decrease of \$24,119 to the prior year fund balances, largely due to capital project expenditures. Total non-major governmental fund balances were \$147,633 at year end. Of this amount, \$77,388 is designated for capital projects, \$23,059 is reserved for debt service, \$21,995 is reserved for encumbrances, and \$25,191 is designated for various other activities and grants.

Budgetary Highlights and Control

The objective of the County's budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Commissioners. Under Fulton County Budget Law, all expenditures are subject to an annual appropriation. Strict controls are in place to ensure that expenditures do not exceed these appropriations at either the departmental or the fund level.

The 2005 General Fund budget was adopted at approximately \$628 million, 4.0% higher than the previous year's budget. This increase is largely attributable to higher allocations to fund a 4% compensation increase and increase efforts related to jail and courtroom operations through the Sheriff's department.

Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues due to the legal manner in which the General Fund can budget property tax revenues, which is based on the previous year actual collections rather than on anticipated assessment growth. Actual expenditures fell short of budgetary appropriations largely due to postponed activity in facility maintenance and public works efforts.

The legally adopted budget for governmental services for the County's two major governmental funds is by department and can be reviewed on pages 17-19 of this report. No significant changes to the original adopted budget occurred during the year. There are reallocations from non-agency to agency budgets throughout the year for the purpose of funding cost of salary adjustments as necessary in each County department. Calendar year annual legally adopted budgets for non-major funds appear on pages 67-70.

Capital Assets

The County's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of year-end amounts to \$1,881,918 (net of accumulated depreciation). The net investment in capital assets includes land, equipment, buildings, roadway networks, improvements to these assets and construction in progress less any related debt outstanding to finance acquisition of these assets. Business type activities added substantial projects for water and sewer system improvements in 2005 primarily consisting of the Camp Creek Wastewater treatment facility as well as donated infrastructure gained through development.

		Governmenta	al Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	То	tal	Percent
Capital assets not being	-	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	Change
depreciated:	-							%
Land & land improvements	\$	68,189	68,541	34,573	34,573	102,762	103,114	-
Construction in progress		52,346	41,398	56,462	40,492	108,808	81,890	33
Capital assets, shown net								
of depreciation:								
Equipment		27,046	33,183	2,919	4,088	29,965	37,271	(20)
Buildings and improvements		371,682	383,649	1,569	1,705	373,251	385,354	(3)
Roadway network		462,652	683,238	-	-	462,652	683,238	(32)
Water System		-	-	154,370	131,352	154,370	131,352	-
Sewerage system		-	_	650,110	626,400	650,110	626,400	4
Total net capital assets	\$ _	981,915	1,210,009	900,003	838,610	1,881,918	2,048,619	(8)

Significant capital additions consist of receiving \$50.8 million of donated roadway networks from developers in the governmental activities. The Water and Sewerage System also reclassified construction in progress to water and sewerage system assets, along with receiving approximately \$60.5 million in developer built water and sewer mains during 2005. Additional information relating to capital assets and infrastructure is presented in Note 7 of the financial statements beginning on page 44.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2005, the County had a number of debt issues outstanding. These issues, in thousands, included \$14,381 of General Obligation Bonds including accreted interest; \$589,949 of Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds (net of unaccreted discounts); and \$84,644 of Building Authority Revenue Bonds (net of unaccreted premiums/discounts). The County has maintained an AA rating from Standard & Poor's Corporation, AA rating from Fitch Investor Services, and an Aa3 rating from Moody's Investors Service on general obligation bond issues. Under existing state statutes, the County's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on 10% of total assessed value of real and personal property. As of December 31, 2005, the County's general obligation bonded debt of \$14,381 less reserves of \$13,086 was below the legal limit by \$4,248,395.

At December 31, 2005, total other capital leases totals \$31,648, along with a liability for post-closure landfill care of \$14,719.

The Fulton County Facilities Corporation Certificates of Participation had an outstanding balance of \$126,688 as of December 31, 2005, which decreased by principal paid in 2005 of \$4,915.

The 1996 General Obligation bond was called and retired during 2005, and the 1997 General Obligation bond of \$2,010 is anticipated to be called and retired during 2006.

Additional information relating to long-term debt and other obligations is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements beginning on page 46.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 141 Pryor Street, Suite 7100, Atlanta, Georgia 30303. Please also see the County's website at www.co.fulton.ga.us, as this report and other reports are available under Departments – Administration - Finance - Financial Reports.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

					ComponentUnit
	_	P	rimary Governmen	t	Fulton-DeKalb
	-	Governmental Activities	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	Hospital <u>Authority</u>
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances):	\$	256,401 74,483	66,011 56,528	322,412 131,011	5,135 7,686
Taxes		43,882	_	43,882	_
Accounts		22	8,925	8,947	75,243
Due from other governments, net		13,873	20,673	34,546	107,444
Other current assets		8,096	_	8,096	16,257
Restricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents			93,177	93,177	6.064
Investments		_	305,973	305,973	36,688
Investment in joint venture			77,990	77,990	J0,000 —
Capital assets (non-depreciable) Capital assets (net		120,535	91,035	211,570	4,575
of accumulated depreciation)		861,380	808,968	1,670,348	234,563
Other non-current assets		52,287	59,232	111,519	2,769
Total assets	-	1,430,959	1,588,512	3,019,471	496,424
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		38,033	3,148	41,181	162,907
Accrued interest		1,179	J,140 —	1,179	102,707
Due to others		3.091	_	3,091	_
Claims payable		5,430	_	5,430	37,744
Unearned revenue		1,926	_	1,926	_
Liabilities (payable from restricted assets):					
Contracts and other payables		_	6,340	6,340	
Unearned revenue		_	613	613	1,018
Non-current liabilities:					
Due within one year		49,571	10,332	59,903	16,937
Due in more than one year	-	280,758	582,096	862,854	248,637
Total liabilities	_	379,988	602,529	982,517	467,243
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		733,571	667,370	1,400,941	(26,436)
Restricted for debt retirement		23,059	40,911	63,970	_
Restricted for construction		32,679	_	32,679	
Restricted for other purposes		1,626	277.702	1,626	26,136
Unrestricted	-	260,036	277,702	537,738	29,481
Total net assets	\$_	1,050,971	985,983	2,036,954	29,181

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Statement of Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2005 (In thousands of dollars)

			Program revenues		Net (Expense) R.	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	es in Net Assets	Component Unit
		Charges	Operating	Capital	Pr	Primary Government		Fulton-DeKalb
	Expenses	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total	Hospital Authority
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:	5	997 90			(60 103)		(60.103)	
Administration Duklio cofety	08/,/80	98,288	1	1 1	(39,192)	l i	(39,192)	
I done saicty	112,471	70,877	304		(162,022)		(162,022)	ı
Legal Infractructure and facilities	81 466	7,0,07	101	50 871	(28.726)		(28.726)	
Social services	106.794	3.735	17.947	10,55	(85,112)	1	(85,112)	I
Health services	160,770	9,375	42,498	i	(108,897)	ı	(108,897)	
Interest and other debt related costs	17,053]	(17,053)		(17,053)	
Total governmental activities	773,351	81,792	61,850	50,871	(578,838)	[-	(578,838)	
Business-type activities:	116 503	122 500		60 455		057 55	058 55	١
water and sewerage services Airport	875	866				(9)	(9)	
Total business-type activities	117,458	134,464		60,455		77,461	77,461	
Total primary government	890,809	216,256	61,850	111,326	(578,838)	77,461	(501,377)	I
Component unit Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority (Grady)	633.559	445.270	81,819		I	I	l	(106,470)
Total component unit	633,559	445,270	81,819	1		1		(106,470)
1								
		General revenues:	.X:		401 440		401 449	
		Property taxes Sales taxes			74.930		74.930	
		Other taxes			15,639	1	15,639	
		Intergovernme	Intergovernmental not restricted		710 31		15.017	370 101
		ror specific programs	Tor specific programs		13,917		12,517	(70, 1 01)
		Use of money and property	and property		22,585	13,000	35,585	1,746
		Miscellaneous	•		5,603	(678)	4,925	(1,885)
	ŗ.	Total general revenues	venues		639,050	12,322	651,372	104,736
	•	Changes in net assets	assets		60,212	89,783	149,995	(1,734)
		Extraordinary item - (Note 7)	em - (Note 7)		(253,427)	1	(253,427)	1
	7	Net assets - beginning	inning			896,200	2,140,386	30,915
		Net assets - ending	gui		\$ 1,050,971	985,983	2,036,954	29,181

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

	_	General	Special Service District	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	54,516	45,469	130,423	230,408
Investments		49,715	_	24,768	74,483
Receivables (net of allowances): Taxes		34,533	9,157	192	43,882
Interest		J4,JJJ	9,137	172	43,862
Accounts				22	22
Due from other governments		3,290		10,583	13,873
Due from other funds	_		244		244
Total assets	\$_	142,054	54,870	165,988	362,912
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	21,372	1,315	14,850	37,537
Due to other funds		<u></u>	_	244	244
Due to others		_		3,091	3,091
Deferred revenue	_	20,474	8,909	170	29,553
Total liabilities		41,846	10,224	18,355	70,425
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for encumbrances		_	_	21,995	21,995
Reserved for debt service		_	_	23,059	23,059
Unreserved, reported in: General fund:					
Designated for subsequent year expenditures		25,446	_	_	25,446
Undesignated		74,762	_	_	74,762
Special Revenue funds:		ŕ			,
Designated		_	44,646	25,191	69,837
Capital Projects funds: Designated for capital projects	_			77,388	77,388
Total fund balances	_	100,208	44,646	147,633	292,487
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	142,054	54,870	165,988	362,912

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$	292,487
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Balance Sheet because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources		
and therefore not reported in governmental funds:		
Capital assets:		
Land		68,189
Buildings		646,045
Equipment		93,960
Roadway network		649,714
Construction in progress		52,346
Less Accumulated Depreciation	_	(528,339)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		981,915
Net pension asset at year end that is not a financial resource used in governmental activities and therefore not reported in governmental funds.		50,352
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and		
therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Certificates of participation		(127,200)
Building Authority bonds payable		(84,158)
Less unamortized deferred charges on bonds, net		26
Less deferred charges for issuance costs		1,935
General obligation bonds payable		(14,381)
Compensated absences		(47,965)
Other long term capital leases		(31,648)
Claims and judgments		(10,284)
Landfill closure and postclosure costs		(14,719)
Accrued interest		(1,179)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included		
in governmental activities.		28,163
Some deferred revenues reported in the governmental funds are recognized		
as revenues in the governmental activities.	_	27,627
Net assets - total governmental activities	\$	1,050,971

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

		General	Special Service District	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$	494,179	77,407	2,750	574,336
Intergovernmental	Ψ	17,714	2,262	58,232	78,208
Charges for services		21,524	4,097	19,370	44,991
Courts and law enforcement		18,484	150	2,243	20,877
Use of money and property		14,976	3,826	3,722	22,524
Licenses and permits			28,852	-,	28,852
Miscellaneous		1.249	218	4,136	5,603
Net (depreciation) appreciation in investments		21	4	36	61
Total revenues		568,147	116,816	90,489	775,452
Expenditures:					
Current:		55.400	10.415	0.704	00.401
Administration		75,420	12,417	2,594	90,431
Public safety		91,864	67,931	19,601	179,396
Legal		104,157			104,157
Infrastructure and facilities		34,791	731	8,617	44,139
Social services		60,619	12,395	29,151	102,165
Health services		80,014		76,023	156,037
Other nonagency		29,541	2,363	119	32,023
Capital outlay		_	_	28,105	28,105
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		1,591	_	29,413	31,004
Interest		1,249		13,874	15,123
Total expenditures		479,246_	95,837	207,497	782,580
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		88,901	20,979	(117,008)	(7,128)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		1,053	12,435	111,675	125,163
Transfers out		(96,190)	(10,187)	(18,786)	(125,163)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(95,137)	2,248	92,889	
Net change in fund balances		(6,236)	23,227	(24,119)	(7,128)
Fund balance at beginning of year		106,444	21,419	171,752	299,615
Prior period adjustments - Note 16		<u> </u>			
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated		106,444	21,419	171,752	299,615
Fund balance at end of year	\$	100,208	44,646	147,633	292,487

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (7,128)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures Changes in Fund Balances, because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense for governmental activities:	
Acquisition of capital assets	18,334
Depreciation expense	(43,429)
Donations of capital assets recorded as capital contributions in the government-wide	, , ,
statements, but not recorded within governmental funds	50,430
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance of debt increases long-term liabilities for governmental activities. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities for governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized for governmental activities:	
Tax Anticipation Note proceeds	(50,000)
Tax Anticipation Note payments	50,000
Principal repayments	31,004
Amortization of bond issue costs	(274)
Amortization of bond discount	` 42 [´]
Change in accrued interest	39
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds	(1,737)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	(0.445)
Compensated absences	(2,440)
Claims and judgments	5,845
Landfill closure costs	522
Net pension asset	(125)
Some revenues for governmental activites do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues for governmental funds.	7,681
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are included	
in governmental activities.	 1,448
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$ 60,212

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Non-GAAP budget basis			Variance	
	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:						
Revenue Per Budget Law, less Rollback	\$	519,300	519,300	518,629	(671)	
Sales Tax		67,700	67,700	72,595	4,895	
Appropriated Fund Balance	_	40,943	40,943	(1,684)	(42,627)	
Total revenues and other sources, non-GAAP budget basis	\$_	627,943	627,943	589,540	(38,403)	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:						
To record net change in taxes receivable and						
deferred revenue				(6,546)		
To record net change in interest receivable and depreciation of investments				407		
Indirect cost reimbursements recorded as revenues						
for budgetary purposes				(15,885)		
Appropriated Fund Balance				1,684		
Total adjustment to GAAP basis				(20,340)		
Total revenues and other sources, GAAP basis				569,200		
Expenditures:						
Board of Commissioners	\$	3,164	3,174	2,648	526	
Clerk to the Commission		1,071	1,071	1,061	10	
County Manager		8,422	8,422	8,203	219	
Economic Development		2,046	2,046	1,781	265	
Finance		6,714	6,714	5,567	1,147	
Information Technology		24,057	24,040	22,803	1,237	
Personnel		4,204	4,309	4,205	104	
Purchasing		2,810	2,810	2,727	83	
County Attorney		3,959	3,959	3,599	360	
Tax Assessor		12,030	12,125	11,521	604	
Tax Commissioner		12,419	12,419	11,060	1,359	
Department of Communications		1,010	1,010	770	240	
Environment and Community Development		2,974	2,974	2,637	337	
Registration and Elections		3,606	3,606	3,007	599	
Emergency Communications - 911 transfer		7,100	7,100	7,100		
Police		3,950	3,950	3,892	58	
Sheriff		83,869	88,019	86,556	1,463	
Medical Examiner		3,540	3,540	3,207	333	
Superior Court Judges		4,301	4,301	4,042	259 254	
Superior Court-General Superior Court Clerk		17,622 14,060	17,958 14,060	17,604 13,426	354 634	
State Court Judges		3,705	3,705	3,420	283	
State Court-Judges State Court-General		3,703 11,861	3,703 11,861	3,422 11,353	283 508	
State Court-General State Court Solicitor		5,493	5,493	5,091	402	
State Court Solicitor		3,473	2,473	3,031	402	

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	Non-GAAP budget basis				Variance
	Ori	ginal	Final		Positive
	Bu	dget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Juvenile Court	1	4,243	14,243	13,364	879
Probate Court		2,435	2,435	2,230	205
County Marshal		5,164	5,164	4,665	499
District Attorney	1	9,561	19,561	19,023	538
Public Defender	1	0,861	10,861	10,125	736
General Services	3	2,719	32,736	28,728	4,008
Public Works	1	6,677	16,677	14,397	2,280
Human Services	2	6,243	26,243	25,531	712
Arts Council		5,540	5,540	5,072	468
Family and Children Services	1	4,402	14,402	13,743	659
Cooperative Extension		479	486	486	_
Library	3	1,642	31,642	28,352	3,290
Health fund transfer		8,414	28,414	26,667	1,747
Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority (Grady Hospital)	8	30,345	80,345	80,014	331
Non-agency	9	5,231	90,528	79,861	10,667
Total expenditures and other uses, non-GAAP	m		(07.040	500 540	20.402
budget basis	\$ 62	7,943	627,943	= 589,540	38,403
Reconciliation to GAAP basis - to record net effect					
of unrecorded liabilities				1,781	
Expenditures incurred on behalf of reimbursing funds for indirect costs				(15,885)	
Total expenditures and other uses, GAAP basis				\$ 575,436	

Special Service District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	_	Non-GAAP budget basis			Variance
	_	Original	Final	_	Positive
	-	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Revenue per Budget Law	\$	97,990	97,990	120,171	22,181
Insurance Premium Tax		9,480	9,480	10,126	646
Appropriated Fund Balance	_	10,350	10,350	(21,142)	(31,492)
Total revenues and other sources,					
non-GAAP budget basis	\$_	117,820	117,820	109,155	(8,665)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:					
To record net tax receivable and deferred revenue				(1,065)	
To record net change in interest receivable				4.0	
and depreciation of investments				19	
Appropriated fund balance				21,142	
Total adjustment to GAAP basis				20,096	
Total revenues and other sources, GAAP basis				\$ 129,251	
Expenditures and other uses: Fire Police	\$	33,983 26,960	34,855 26,960	34,441 25,723	414 1,237
Parks and Recreation		12,097	12,097	11,544	553
Environment and Community Development		13,418	13,418	12,050	1,368
Public Works Tax Commissioner		1,469 1,419	1,469	1,412 995	57 424
Economic Development		561	1,419 561	314	247
Information Technology		527	527	511	16
Non agency		27,386	26,514	22,165	4,349
•	-				
Total expenditures and other uses, non-GAAP budget basis	\$_	117,820	117,820	109,155	8,665
Reconciliation to GAAP basis - to record net effect of unrecorded liabilities				(3,131)	
Total expenditures and other uses, GAAP basis				\$ 106,024	

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2005

	Business Typ	Governmental		
	Water and	Other	Total	Activities-
	sewerage	Enterprise	Enterprise	Internal
Assets	system fund	fund	Funds	Service Funds
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,965	1,046	66,011	25,993
Investments	56,528		56,528	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	8,925	_	8,925	_
Due from other governments, net	20,673	_	20,673	_
Other current assets	_		_	8,096
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	93,177	-	93,177	_
Investments	305,973		305,973	
Interest receivable				
Total current assets	550,241	1,046	551,287	34,089
Noncurrent assets:				
Investment in joint venture	77,990	_	77,990	
Nondepreciable capital assets	63,126	27,909	91,035	_
Depreciable capital assets (net of	•	·		
accumulated depreciation)	807,301	1,667	808,968	
Other assets	59,232		59,232	
Total noncurrent assets	1,007,649	29,576	1,037,225	
Total assets	1,557,890	30,622	1,588,512	34,089

Statement of Net Assets (continued) Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2005

		Business Type	Governmental		
Liabilities and Net Assets	_	Water and sewerage system fund	Other Enterprise fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Liabilities: Current liabilities (payable from current assets):					
Accounts payable & accrued expenses Accrued liabilities Claims payable	\$ _	2,239 1,853 —	56 	2,295 1,853 ————	496 — 5,430
	_	4,092	56	4,148	5,926
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets):					
Contracts and other payables		6,340		6,340	_
Revenue bonds payable - current		9,180	_	9,180	_
Deferred revenue		613	_	613	
Note payable - current	_	152		152	
	_	16,285		16,285	
Total current liabilities	_	20,377	56	20,433	5,926
Non-current liabilities:					
Revenue bonds payable - noncurrent		580,769	_	580,769	_
Note payable		771	_	771	
Other long-term liabilities	_	556		556	
Total non-current liabilities	_	582,096		582,096	
Total liabilities	_	602,473	56	602,529	5,926
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		637,794	29,576	667,370	_
Restricted for debt retirement		40,911	_	40,911	_
Unrestricted	_	276,712	990	277,702	28,163
Total net assets	\$_	955,417	30,566	985,983	28,163

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

		Business Type	Governmental		
		Water and sewerage system fund	Other Enterprise fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	_	866	866	88,339
Sewerage charges		102,902	_	102,902	_
Water charges	_	30,696		30,696	
Total operating revenues	_	133,598	866	134,464	88,339
Operating expenses:					
Administrative and general		6,286	67	6,353	20,216
Depreciation and amortization		22,096	141	22,237	_
Personal services		17,490	569	18,059	
Contractual services		17,520	98	17,618	66,675
Operating services	_	22,723		22,723	
Total operating expenses	_	86,115	875	86,990	86,891
Operating income (loss)	_	47,483	(9)	47,474	1,448
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Loss on investment in joint venture		(678)		(678)	_
Interest income		13,000	_	13,000	_
Interest expense	_	(30,468)		(30,468)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	_	(18,146)		(18,146)	
Income (loss) before contributions	_	29,337	(9)	29,328	1,448
Capital contributions	_	60,455		60,455	
Change in net assets		89,792	(9)	89,783	1,448
Net assets at beginning of year	_	865,625	30,575	896,200	26,715
Net assets at end of year	\$_	955,417	30,566	985,983	28,163

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

]	Business Type	Governmental		
		Water and sewerage system fund	Other Enterprise fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	_				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	116,178	866	117,044	88,317
Payments to suppliers		(50,346)	(109)	(50,455)	(87,821)
Payments to employees	_	(17,293)	(569)	(17,862)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	48,539	188	48,727	496
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Principal and interest payments on revenue bonds		(38,818)	_	(38,818)	_
Principal and interest payments on notes payable		(210)	_	(210)	_
Additions to property, plant, and equipment	_	(23,078)	(50)	(23,128)	
Net cash provided by capital and		((2.100)	(50)	((0.15)	
related financing activities	_	(62,106)	(50)	(62,156)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of investments		(362,501)	_	(362,501)	
Purchase of investment in joint venture		(5,041)	_	(5,041)	_
Proceeds from sale of investments		287,957		287,957	_
Interest received on investments	_	13,704		13,704	
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(65,881)		(65,881)	
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(79,448)	138	(79,310)	496
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	_	237,590	908	238,498	25,497
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	158,142	1,046	159,188	25,993
Reconcilation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	47,483	(9)	47,474	1,448
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities:		22,096	141	22,237	_
Changes in customer receivables - net		455	_	455	_
Other assets		1,458	_	1,458	(22)
Change in due from other governments - net		(17,754)		(17,754)	_
Accounts and claims payable		204	56	260	(930)
Accrued liabilities		434		434	_
Deferred revenue		(121)		(121)	_
Contractual and other liabilities	_	(5,716)		(5,716)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	48,539	188	48,727	496
Non-cash transactions: Unrealized gain on investments Donated capital assets contributed by outside sources	\$	288 60,455	<u> </u>		_

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

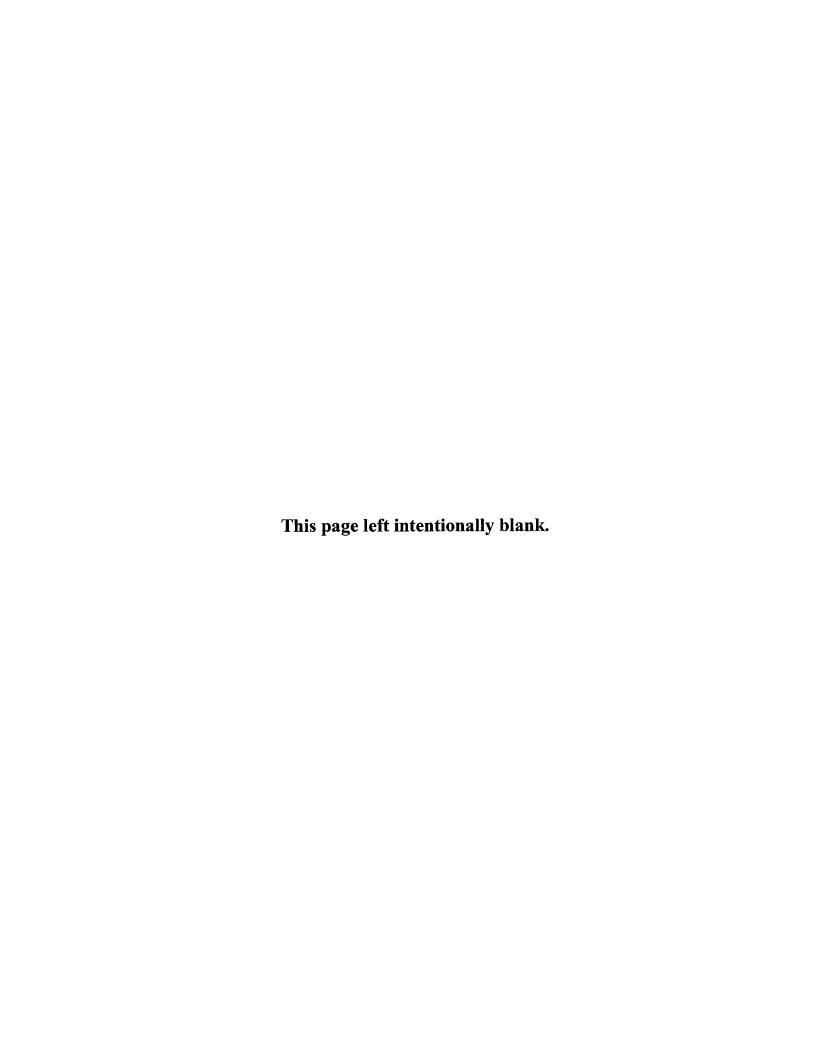
Assets:		Pension trust fund	Agency funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,536	45,527
Investments, at fair value:	•	,	,
U.S. Treasury Obligations		46,013	
US Agency Obligations		28,262	
Other US Government securities		171,643	_
Corporate debt		101,380	
Corporate equities		482,738	
Mutual funds		202,809	
Foreign government bonds		708	
Real estate investment contracts		109	
Taxes receivable (net of allowance)			43,952
Interest receivable		4,598	
Accounts receivable	_	980	
Total assets	_	1,056,776	89,479
Liabilities:			
Due to other taxing districts			47,058
Due to others	_	9	43,905
Total liabilities	_	9	90,963
Net Assets:			
Net Assets held in trust for pension benefits,			
(A schedule of funding progress is presented			
on page 57)	_	1,056,767	
Total net assets	\$ _	1,056,767	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

(in dicustrics of domina)		Pension Trust Fund
Additions:		
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	\$	36,535
Interest and dividends		24,448
Less: investment expenses	_	(2,617)
Net investment income		58,366
Employee contributions		6,677
Employer contributions		31,579
Contributions from other participating governments		761
Other income		448
Total additions	_	97,831
Deductions:		
Benefit payments		58,264
Transfer of plan assets to 401(A) plan or other plans		1,517
Refunds of contributions to terminated employees		814
Administrative fees and other expenses	_	406
Total deductions		61,001
Net increase in net assets held in trust		26.000
for pension benefits		36,830
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:		
Beginning of year		1,019,937
End of year	\$ _	1,056,767



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Fulton County, Georgia (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applicable to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's significant accounting policies are described below:

(a) Financial Reporting Entity

The County was created by Legislative Act in 1853 and operates under the appointed County management and County Commission (seven members) form of government. As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the financial reporting entity present the County (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

In conformity with accounting principles, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the financial statements of the component units have been included as blended component units with the exception of the Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority, which is presented in a column separate from the County's financial information to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

Blended Component Units - The Fulton County Building Authority (the "Building Authority") is governed by a board which is comprised solely of members appointed by the County's Board of Commissioners. Although it is legally separate from the County's Board of Commissioners, the Building Authority is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct County public buildings.

The Fulton County Facilities Corporation (the "Facilities Corporation") was created in 1999 as a public purpose, non-profit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the State of Georgia. It was organized for the purpose, among others, of promoting and assisting the County in acquiring and constructing capital projects. The Facilities Corporation is governed by a five member Board of Directors comprised of three members of the existing Fulton County Board of Commissioners, the County Manager, and the County Finance Director. Although it is legally separate from the County's Board of Commissioners, the Facilities Corporation is reported as if it were a part of the primary government.

Complete financial statements or other financial information of the Building Authority or Facilities Corporation can be obtained from its administration offices at the following address:

Fulton County Suite 7001 141 Pryor Street S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority (the "Hospital Authority") is governed by a ten-member board, of which seven members are appointed by the County's Board of Commissioners. Fulton County provided \$80.35 million in funding to the Hospital Authority during 2005. The County also expended approximately \$3 million for ambulatory care to the Hospital Authority during 2005.

Complete financial statements of the Hospital Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at the following address:

Grady Health Systems, Chief Financial Officer 80 Jesse Hill Jr. Drive S.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

The County's Board of Commissioners are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of a number of other organizations, including the Hospital Authority of Fulton County and the Fulton County Housing Authority, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Joint Ventures

City of Atlanta and Fulton County Recreation Authority - The County is a one-third joint venture partner with the City of Atlanta, Georgia (two-thirds share) in the City of Atlanta and Fulton County Recreation Authority (the "Recreation Authority"), which is comprised of the Atlanta Zoo and the Stadium/Arena Authority. Both the City and the County appoint members to the Recreation Authority Board according to their share of the joint venture. Neither the City nor the County exercises direct control over the ongoing operations of the Recreation Authority, which is administered by its Board and is a component unit of the City of Atlanta.

Under the joint venture agreement, the County guarantees one-third of the Recreation Authority's debt in the event the Recreation Authority should be unable to meet its debt service obligations. In prior years, the County has had to provide debt service funding under such guarantee. (Debt service payments, when required, are made from the County's General Fund.) The joint venture debt specific to the Arena is secured from various sources, including a pledge of the operating revenues of the facility pursuant to an Operator Revenue Security Agreement with the arena operator. The arena debt is also secured through a Guarantee Agreement with the professional sports franchise for an aggregate amount not to exceed \$60 million and an irrevocable letter of standby credit of \$15 million. The debt related to the zoo utilizes a separate guarantor agreement.

Complete financial statements for the Recreation Authority can be obtained from this office:

City of Atlanta Suite 11100 68 Mitchell Street, S.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30335

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Atlanta Regional Commission - The County is a joint venture partner with the Atlanta Regional Commission based on GASB Statement No. 14. Under Georgia law, the County, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the ten county metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC). Membership in a Regional Development Center (RDC) is required by O.C.G.A. 50-8-34 which provides for the organization structure of the RDC in Georgia. The County paid dues in the amount of \$613 to the ARC for the year ended December 31, 2005. The RDC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. O.C.G A. 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a RDC. Complete financial statements of the RDC may be obtained at the following address:

Atlanta Regional Commission 40 Courtland Street, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

Atlanta-Fulton County Water Resources Commission - The Atlanta-Fulton County Water Resource Commission is a joint venture between the County and the City of Atlanta for the construction and operation of a water treatment facility in north Fulton County. The County and the City share equally the costs of construction of the plant, and each is entitled to receive 50% of the total water supply treated by the plant or 50% of the plant's capacity, whichever is greater. The costs of operation of the plant were borne pro rata by the City and the County on the basis of water delivered to each party. A \$70 million storage capacity project, known as Phase 2.5, is currently under construction and funded equally by the County and the City. Total incurred expenses for this project totaled approximately \$5.5 million during 2005. The County incurred charges of approximately \$3 million in 2005 for water produced at this facility, which is classified as an operating cost to the Fulton County Water & Sewerage System.

The Atlanta Fulton County Water Resources Commission is governed by a seven-member management commission, three members of the Commission are appointed by the City, three are appointed by the County, and one independent member is elected by the vote of the other members. Both the City and County approve the annual budget of the Commission.

At December 31, 2005, the County's share of the depreciated cost of the facility is shown as "Investment in joint venture" in the accompanying statement of net assets.

Complete financial statements for the Atlanta-Fulton County Water Resource Commission can be obtained from the following respective administrative office:

Atlanta-Fulton County Water Resource Commission 9750 Spruill Road Alpharetta, Georgia 30022

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cost-Sharing Arrangements

In February 2003, the County entered into a cost-sharing arrangement with neighboring Cobb County, Georgia. The County paid \$58 million for the purchase of capacity for 50 years plus any unallocated reserve capacity at actual cost from the R.L Sutton wastewater treatment plant and the new underground conveyance system that delivers sewerage to this facility. The County will share in the cost of annual capital improvements at these facilities on a pro rata basis. This cost is shown within other assets on the financial statements of the Water and Sewerage System fund, and is being amortized over 40 years using the straight-line method. Amortization of this intangible asset, approximately \$1.4 million annually, is classified as an operating cost on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets-Proprietary funds. The amount remaining as of December 31, 2005 is approximately \$53.9 million.

(b) Accounting Pronouncements

The County has adopted GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – amendment of GASB Statement No.3. This statement amends current categories of investments to better inform financial statement users about deposit and investment risk that could affect a government's ability to provide services and meet obligations when they are due.

The County has also adopted GASB Statement No. 42, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries" requires governments to evaluate a capital asset for impairment upon occurrence of physical damage, changes in legal or environmental factors, technological changes or obsolescence, changes in manner or duration of use on construction stoppage.

The County also anticipates adoption of GASB Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, and related Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plans. The County offers healthcare coverage to employees meeting certain service eligibility requirements upon retirement. Statement No. 45 addresses standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of employers' OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets); note disclosures; and, if applicable, required supplementary information (RSI). The County is required to implement the requirements for Statement No.43 for periods beginning after December 15, 2005 and Statement No. 45 the next year.

GASB Statement No. 44, Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section—an amendment of NCGA Statement 1 amends the portions of NCGA Statement 1, Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles, that guide the preparation of the statistical section. The statistical section presents detailed information, typically in ten-year trends, that assists users in utilizing the basic financial statements, notes to basic financial statements, and required supplementary information to assess the economic condition of a government. The provisions of this Statement are effective for statistical sections prepared for periods beginning after June 15, 2005.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

GASB Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation—an amendment of GASB Statement No.34 requires that limitations on the use of net assets imposed by enabling legislation be reported as restricted net assets. In the process of applying this provision, some governments have had difficulty interpreting the requirement that those restrictions be "legally enforceable." The Statement states that the legal enforceability of an enabling legislation restriction should be reevaluated if any of the resources raised by the enabling legislation are used for a purpose not specified by the enabling legislation or if a government has other cause for reconsideration. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2005.

Management is in the process of determining the effects that the adoption of these Statements will have on the County's financial statements.

(c) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County and its component units. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the County's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. These net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of those assets. The outstanding debt is offset by any unspent proceeds from such debt.

Restricted net assets result from restrictions placed on net assets by external sources such as creditors, grantors and contributors, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business type activities of the County and for each function of the

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Administrative overhead charges are included in direct expenses for the business-type activities. Some functions, such as general government and administration include expenses that are in essence indirect expenses of other functions. The County has elected not to charge all of these indirect expenses to other functions. Program revenues include (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements; non-major funds are combined in a single column.

(d) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency fund financial statements do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which the levy is assessed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as receivables in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to non-vested unmatured sick pay, compensated absences and other long-term commitments and contingencies are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the County has elected not to apply any Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 to its business type activities and enterprise funds. The focus for proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes, in net assets, financial position and cash flow. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and the internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and deprecation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to business in the private sector.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Service District Fund

The Special Service District Fund accounts for operations of the County's police, fire and recreation and economic development departments. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy and fees and charges for services. Collections for this fund are restricted for use in the unincorporated sections of Fulton County.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

Water and Sewerage System Fund

The Fulton County, Georgia Water and Sewerage System Fund (the "System") accounts for the provision of water and sewerage services to individuals, organizations, and other governmental units within Fulton County (the "County"), except for those areas of the County serviced by the City of Atlanta and other small municipalities. Additionally, the System sells water and treatment plant capacity to neighboring jurisdictions at contractually established rates. All revenues from sources applicable to such services and all expenses incurred in the provision of such services are recorded in the accounts of the System.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The County reports the only non-major proprietary fund:

Fulton County Airport-Brown field

The Fulton County, Georgia Airport Fund (the "fund") accounts for the provision of services to tenants and the public for the operation of Brown field. These services include maintenance of all buildings, access roads, runway, ramps, hangars and parking lots. Collections of rentals are restricted to use for services for the airport.

The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

Fulton County Employees' Retirement System

The fund accounts for accumulated resources for defined benefit pension payments to qualified County employees.

Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for the assets held by the County, or its elected officials, in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals, governmental units, and/or other funds.

The County reports the following other fund types:

Internal Service funds

Internal service funds account for self insured health activities, vehicle maintenance and repair, risk management services, and other activities provided to other departments of the County on a cost reimbursement basis.

(e) Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market values. Interest income on investments is accrued as earned. The net appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments is based on the valuation of investments as of the balance sheet date.

(f) Inventories

Inventories of the government funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase (purchase method). Inventories of the Hospital Authority, which are primarily pharmaceuticals and supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on an average cost basis for supplies and first in, first out basis for pharmaceuticals.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables are classified as "due from other funds" and the payables as "due to other funds" on the governmental financial statements but are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

(h) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are generally defined as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$5,000 for equipment or \$100,000 for all other assets, and a useful life in excess of one year. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets consist of the road network that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to January 1, 1980 and are reported at estimated historical cost using various industry and trade cost data combined with actual information maintained at the County.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or that materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Net interest cost incurred during the construction of facilities is capitalized as part of the cost of such facilities for business-type activities. No such capitalized interest was incurred in 2005.

Significant roadway networks were transferred to a newly formed municipality within the geographic borders of Fulton County as of December 31, 2005. Approximately \$253 million has been estimated, net of accumulated depreciation, to be the value of these roadway networks that now part of the municipality's infrastructure and maintained by the newly created entity.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and related improvements	40 years
Plant and related components	50 years
Roadway networks and related infrastruct	ure 20-50 years
Equipment	3-10 years

Property under capital leases is stated at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair market value at the inception of the lease. Once placed in use, such property is amortized on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the economic useful life of the asset or remaining lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government maintains certain collections of art which have not been capitalized as they are (1) held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than financial gain, (2) protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved, and (3) subject to policy that requires the proceeds from any sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for the collection.

(i) Bond Premiums and Discounts/Debt Issuance Costs

In the governmental funds, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue. In the government-wide and the proprietary fund statements, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the related bonds using the effective interest method.

(j) Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of Enterprise Fund revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

(k) Compensated Absences

County employees are granted annual leave and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for an accumulated annual leave up to a maximum of 360 hours. Employees are not reimbursed for accumulated sick leave if terminated prior to retirement. Therefore, accrued sick leave is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. Upon retirement, accumulated sick leave may be counted as creditable service for pension benefit purposes. Nonexempt employees who work overtime can accrue compensatory leave for each overtime hour worked, up to a specified maximum. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated compensatory leave.

Liabilities for compensated absences other than sick leave are all considered long-term obligations of the County as amounts were not matured and payable at year end. As a result, for governmental activities, the accrued compensation amounts are reported as a liability, but no liability is reported the governmental fund statements. For all Proprietary Funds, accumulated vacation leave is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees. The liability for accumulated vacation leave is classified as noncurrent in the Proprietary Funds, as that portion which will be paid in the forthcoming year cannot be reasonably estimated. These liabilities are paid to employees generally from the fund that incurred their payroll cost at time of departure. These accumulated leave costs are not charged to a single County-wide fund, but are charged to the fund incurring the costs for the departing employee.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(1) Estimated Claims Payable

The liability for claims and judgments against the County, including the estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported at year-end has not matured as of year end and as a result has been accrued in the government-wide statements, the Insurance Stabilization Fund and Risk Management Fund (Internal Service Funds); but no liability has been accrued in the governmental fund statements.

(m) Net Patient Service Revenues

Net patient service revenues of the Hospital Authority are reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

(n) Uncompensated Care

The Hospital Authority provides care to patients, who meet certain criteria under its uncompensated care policy, without charge or at discounted rates based upon the patient's ability to pay. Because the Hospital Authority does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as uncompensated care, they are not reported as net patient service revenues.

(o) Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Budgetary Accounting and Compliance

The County prepares its annual budgets on a non-GAAP basis. The major differences between the budget and GAAP are (1) revenues (principally property taxes, accounts receivable, grants, and interest receivables) are recorded when cash is received (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP), (2) Expenditures (principally payroll, workers' compensation, and purchases) are recorded when paid(budget) as opposed to when incurred (GAAP); (3) Debt service requirements due January 1, 2006 are recorded as expenditures in 2005 (budget) as opposed to 2006 when obligations are due (GAAP); (4) Utilized fund balance to meet balanced budget requirements is recorded as revenue on the budgetary basis statements but not in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances-governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(2) Budgetary Accounting and Compliance (continued)

The nature and amount of the adjustments necessary to convert the actual results of operations on a GAAP basis to the budgetary basis, which is a cash basis, as adjusted for specific accruals, are as follows for the County's two major funds (in thousands of dollars):

	Net changes in fund balance			
	 General Fund	Special Service District Fund		
GAAP basis Adjustments to accruals:	\$ (6,236)	23,227		
Tax revenues and interest receivable	6,139	1,046		
Liabilities	1,781	(3,131)		
Fund balance utilized	 (1,684)	(21,142)		
Budget basis	\$ 			

The County follows these budgetary procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements:

- (1) Prior to November 15 of the preceding budget year, the Budget Commission, consisting of the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners, the County Manager, and the Director of Finance, receives budget requests from County departments.
- (2) Hearings may be held by the Budget Commission to review budget requests, justifications, and recommendations.
- (3) By November 15, the Budget Commission presents a recommended budget for the fiscal year beginning the following January 1 to the Board of Commissioners. This budget includes recommended expenditures and estimated revenues to finance them.
- (4) In December, the Board of Commissioners adopts a tentative budget which is published by the last Wednesday in December.
- (5) A public hearing is held and the budget is legally adopted by the Board of Commissioners at the regular January meeting of the current budget year. A balanced budget is required by law.
- (6) The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is at the department level with the following provisions:
 - (i) Departments, with the approval of the Director of Finance, are authorized, with certain exceptions, to transfer amounts within departmental budgets.
 - (ii) Amounts which would increase total department appropriations, salary appropriations, or travel appropriations require Board of Commissioner approval.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(2) Budgetary Accounting and Compliance (continued)

- (7) Budgets are legally adopted for the two major funds, the General Fund and Special Services District Fund (a Special Revenue Fund). Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Services District Funds. Budgets were legally adopted for debt service fund and most all other special revenue funds for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2005. All remaining project-length budgets and twelve-month budgets which differ from the County's fiscal year end are adopted for the Grant-in-Aid, Public and Mental Health services fund and capital project funds. Generally, appropriations, both encumbered and unencumbered, lapse at December 31.
- (8) Total appropriations for any fund may be increased if, during the year, sources of revenue become available to the County in excess of original anticipations, and these amounts are anticipated by the Budget Commission and subsequently appropriated by the Board of Commissioners. No supplemental appropriations were made during 2005.

(3) Cash and Investments - Primary Government

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be recovered. The County limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by required all deposits to be collateralized in accordance with state law.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of December 31, 2005, the County's primary governmental and business type funds had the following investments:

			Decemb	er 31, 2005	
Fixed Income:	_	Fair Value	to 3 months	4-12 months	1-5yrs
US Treasury Obligations	\$	11,692		841	10,851
US Agency Obligations	_	781,928	550,635	125,256	106,037
Fixed Income subtotal	-	793,620	550,635	126,097	116,888
Collateralized Repurchase Agreement		17,896			
Insured Money Market funds	_	42,304			
Total cash equivalents and investments	\$	853,820			

State of Georgia statutes authorize the County to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. government, obligations insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or a U.S. government agency, obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government, prime bankers' acceptances, obligations of the State of Georgia or other states, certain collateralized repurchase agreements, certain obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, certain certificates of deposit, and the Georgia Fund-1 state investment pool.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(3) Cash and Investments – Primary Government (continued)

In accordance with its investment policy and bond covenants, the Water and Sewerage System fund manages its exposure to the risk of declines in fair values of investment by limiting the maturities of its investments to a maximum of five years for all debt service and debt service reserve accounts, and three years for investments held in the construction funds.

Credit Quality Risk

Credit Quality Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The table below shows the Plan's exposure to credit quality risk for the fixed income investments held as of December 31, 2005. The US Agency and Treasury obligations totaling \$793,620 are rated AAA, while the repurchase agreement is not rated but is collateralized at 102%.

The following is a summary of the carrying amounts of the cash, cash equivalents, and investments of the County's governmental and business-type activities at December 31, 2005 (in thousands of dollars):

Balances by category:		2005
Cash and deposits	\$_	(1,247)
Cash equivalents		416,836
Investments		436,984
•	\$ _	852,573
Balances as presented in the Statement of Net Assets:	_	
Unrestricted activities:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	322,412
Investments		131,011
Restricted activities:		
Cash and cash equivalents		93,177
Investments		305,973
	\$_	852,573

(3) Cash and Investments – Fiduciary Funds

The Pension Trust Fund, reported as a fiduciary fund, is authorized to invest, in addition to the County's other authorized investments, in corporate bonds and debentures which are not in default as to principal and interest. Additionally, the Pension Trust Fund can invest in corporate stock (common or preferred), provided that the total cost of such investments does not exceed 65% of the assets of the Pension Trust Fund.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Pension Trust fund's deposits may not be recovered. Fulton County uses a centralized cash disbursements account for all of its funds, including those of this fund. Although cash applicable to the Pension Trust Fund is segregated for financial reporting purposes, the portion of the corresponding bank account balance applicable to the Plan is not separately identifiable.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(3) Cash and Investments – Fiduciary Funds (continued)

The Policy of the Pension Trust fund is to ensure that pension liabilities are met when due. Assets are invested so as to provide for the solvency over time and to maximize the investment return within a reasonable level of risk In accordance with the Official Code of Georgia Annotated Public Retirement System Investment Authority Law, Public Retirement Systems may invest in the following:

- (a) Domestic stocks, including small, mid, and large market capitalization ranges;
- (b) International stocks including emerging markets;
- (c) U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds, U.S. Government Agency Securities, Mortgage-Backed Securities such as Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMO's) and Collateralized Mortgage-Backed securities (CMBS) non-agency issues which are fully collateralized by agency paper;
- (d) All other types of investments which are permitted under the Fulton County Employees' Retirement System Boards' enabling resolutions and Georgia law.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The following table provides information about Pension Trust fund's exposure to interest rate risk as of December 31, 2005.

			Dece	mber 31, 200	5	
Fixed Income:		Fair Value	3-12mos	1-5yrs	6-10yrs	>10yrs
US Treasury Obligations	\$	46,013	2,432	2,816	16,634	24,131
US Agency Obligations		28,262	5,628	13,301	1,236	8,097
Mortgage Pass throughs		107,457	19	8,305	10,328	88,805
Asset back US Obligations		27,267	-	11,587	6,768	8,912
Corporate Debt		101,380	6,021	27,637	35,931	31,791
CMBS		13,070	_	-	-	13,070
CMO		23,849	-	338	1,737	21,774
Foreign bonds		708	-	708	-	-
Fixed Income subtotal	_	348,006	14,100	64,692	72,634	196,580
Equity securities		441,941				
Commingled equity funds		40,797				
Mutual funds:						
Domestic		74,797				
International		128,012				
Real Estate investment contracts		109				
Cash Equivalents		17,536				
Total cash equivalents and investments	\$_	1,051,198				

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(3) Cash and Investments – Fiduciary Funds (continued)

Credit Quality Risk

Credit Quality Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The table below shows the Pension Trust fund's exposure to credit quality risk for the fixed income investments held as of December 31, 2005.

				D	ecember 31,	, 2005 rating	gs	
Fixed Income:	F	air Value	AAA	AA	A	BBB	BB	N/R
US Treasury Obligations	\$	46,013	46,013	-			-	
US Agency Obligations		28,262	18,929	-	-	-	-	9,333
Mortgage Pass throughs		107,457	107,037	-	-	-	-	420
Asset back US Obligations		27,267	18,906	-	3,136	-	-	5,225
Corporate Debt		101,380	5,910	7,415	48,395	29,802	301	9,557
CMBS		13,070	10,984	-	-	-	-	2,086
CMO		23,849	6,511	-	-	-	-	17,338
Foreign bonds		708		-	708		<u> </u>	
Fixed Income totals	\$_	348,006	214,290	7,415	52,239	29,802	301	43,959

The following is a summary of the carrying amounts of the cash, cash equivalents and investments of the Fiduciary funds at December 31, 2005 (in thousands of dollars):

	_	20	J05
	_	Pension Trust Fund	Agency funds
Balances by category: Cash and cash equivalents	S	17,536	45,527
Investments		1,033,662	1,484
	\$_	1,051,198	47,011

The Agency funds' cash is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or in the County's name. The agency funds contains two Fannie Mae discount notes, both are rated AAA. One has a fair market value of \$1,484 and matures on March 31, 2006 and is classified as an investment, while the other has a fair market value of \$9,392 and is classified as a cash equivalent. An additional certificate of deposit of \$500 and \$1,254 in money market funds are held by the Sherriff's department and classified as cash equivalents.

The County has entered into debt service forward delivery agreements with financial intermediaries which results in a forward swap of interest earned on amounts placed in the debt service sinking funds. In exchange for a current cash payment, the financial intermediary has the right to invest the funds on hand in the sinking fund and retain the investment earnings. The amounts received are recorded as deferred revenue in the County's financial statements, since the substance of these agreements is to effectively pay the County currently for interest that would normally be earned during later years. The deferred revenue resulting from these transactions, totaling \$146 at December 31, 2005 is being amortized over the life of the agreement under a method that approximates the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(3) Cash and Investments (continued)

Hospital Authority

The Authority maintains a cash and investments pool utilized by the Authority. Deposits and investments include demand deposits, certificates of deposit, U.S. government obligations, marketable equity securities, corporate bonds, money market funds and local government investment pools.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. As of December 31, 2005, all the Authority's deposits were either recovered by federal depository insurance or collateralized through securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Authority's name. The Authority ahs no custodial credit risk policies requiring additional collateral beyond what is required under State of Georgia law.

Investment	Average	Fair	M	aturities (i	n years)	
Туре	rating	Value	<1	1-3	4-5	>5
Georgia Fund 1	Aaa \$	14,119	14,119			
Money Market	N/A	13,213	13,213			
U.S Government Agencies	Aaa	14,952	13,647	861	182	262
Marketable Equity Securities	N/A	1,807_	1,807			
Total investments	\$	44,091	42,786	861	182	262

The Georgia Fund 12 is considered to be a 2a7-like-pool managed by the State of Georgia's Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services and is exempt from disclosure of custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its' exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing investment rates. The Authority's practice emphasizes the purchase of shorter tem or more liquid investments.

Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's investment policy seeks to minimize credit risk through diversification of investment with the choices allowed under state statutes.

\$5,135 of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents is classified as cash on hand, while \$7,686 of current investments on the Authority's financial statements is classified between \$6,347 as Deposits and trusts and \$1,339 is included with the \$42,752 of Noncurrent cash and investments on the Authority's balance sheet with the total investments shown above of the \$44,091.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(4) Taxes

(a) Property Taxes

The County Tax Commissioner bills and collects property taxes for Fulton County as well as those of the Fulton County Board of Education, the City of Atlanta, City of East Point, and the City of Atlanta Board of Education. Collections of taxes for the County are accounted for in the Governmental Funds types. Collections and remittance of taxes for other entities are accounted for in the Tax Commissioner Fund (an Agency Fund). Taxes are levied at approximately July 1, based on property values as of January 1, and are payable from various due dates from August 15 through October 15 depending on the taxing governmental entity. After the due date, interest is charged on unpaid taxes, with a 10% penalty being assessed in addition to interest charges as receivables become greater than 90 days delinquent. The Board of Commissioners establishes the property tax millage rates by June 30. Unpaid property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year.

(b) Local Option Sales Tax

The County received 35% in 2005 of a 1% local option sales tax levied on all retail sales made within the County. The proceeds of such tax collected each year are used to reduce, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, the millage equivalent amount of property taxes, which would otherwise be required to be levied in the subsequent year. The incorporation of the City of Sandy Springs changed the allocation of sales taxes received by Fulton County, as will other incorporations should these areas of remaining unincorporated Fulton County opt to incorporate.

(5) Allowances for Uncollectible Receivables

Allowances for uncollectible receivables at December 31, 2005 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	_	2005
Taxes Receivable: General Fund Special Service District Fund Other Governmental funds - Debt Service Fund Agency Funds	\$	5,500 500 100 13,400
	\$_	19,500
Accounts Receivable – Water and Sewerage System Fund	\$_	242

(6) Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments includes \$20,673, net of an \$7,549 reserve, due from other area municipalities to the Water and Sewerage System Fund for wastewater treatment charges, sewer use fees, water line construction and miscellaneous surcharges not yet remitted to the County at December 31, 2005. Additionally, due from other governments in the Other Governmental Funds include a receivable of \$10,583 for federal financial assistance related to various grantor receivables. The General fund also has \$3,290 due from other local government entities related to financing the activities of the Atlanta-Fulton County Water Resource Commission.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(7) Capital Assets and Infrastructure

A summary of changes in the capital assets of governmental type activity is as follows (in thousands):

		January 1,			December 31,
		2005	Increases	Decreases	2005
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_	-		· · · ·	
Land and land improvements	\$	68,541		(352)	68,189
Construction in progress	_	41,398	13,016	(2,068)	52,346
Total capital assets not being depreciated		109,939	13,016	(2,420)	120,535
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment		89,602	4,358	_	93,960
Buildings and other improvements		644,744	1,301		646,045
Roadway network		928,611	52,156	(331,053)	649,714
Total capital assets being depreciated		1,662,957	57,815	(331,053)	1,389,719
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment		(56,419)	(10,495)		(66,914)
Buildings and other improvements		(261,095)	(13,268)	_	(274,363)
Roadway network		(245,373)	(19,666)	77,977	(187,062)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(562,887)	(43,429)	77,977	(528,339)
Net capital assets being depreciated	-	1,100,070	14,386	(253,076)	861,380
Net capital assets- governmental activities	\$_	1,210,009	27,402	(255,496)	981,915

The value indicated for roadway network includes items such as roads, sidewalks, lighting, stormwater drainage infrastructure, right of way improvements, barriers, guardrails, traffic control devices, bridges, and all other related transportation infrastructure. Repairs or resurfacing of roadways is considered a routine cost to maintain the useful life of roadways, and is not capitalized. Building or roadway improvements that extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Roadways that are owned by the state or municipalities are not included in the above totals. Generally, transportation infrastructure located in unincorporated Fulton County is represented above. Assets constructed by others and deeded to the County are recorded as capital contributions and recorded when donated.

Ownership of \$253,427 of roadway networks net of accumulated depreciation was transferred to a newly formed municipality within the County. This is shown as an extraordinary item on the Statement of Activities on page 12. This new government is now responsible for roadways within its jurisdiction, and these assets are no longer owned nor reported as the County's capital assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(7) Capital Assets and Infrastructure (continued)

A summary of the capital assets of business-type activity is as follows (in thousands):

	_	January 1, 2005	Increases	Decreases	December 31, 2005
Airport fund:	•				
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$	27,909	_	_	27,909
Total capital assets not being depreciated	•	27,909		_	27,909
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment		1,110	50	_	1,160
Buildings and other improvements		5,457_			5,457
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,567	50		6,617
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment		(1,057)	(5)	_	(1,062)
Buildings and other improvements		(3,752)	(136)		(3,888)
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,809)	(141)		(4,950)
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,758	(91)		1,667
Net capital assets-Airport fund	\$.	29,667	(91)		29,576
Water and Sewerage System fund:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land improvements	\$	6,664		_	6,664
Construction in progress		40,492	29,785	(13,815)	56,462
Total capital assets not being depreciated		47,156	29,785	(13,815)	63,126
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment		11,873	256	_	12,129
* Water system		168,851	27,381		196,232
* Sewerage system	_	771,486	39,591		811,077
Total capital assets being depreciated		952,210	67,228	_	1,019,438
Less accumulated depreciation for:					2,390
Equipment		(7,838)	(1,470)	_	(9,308)
* Water system		(37,499)	(4,363)		(41,862)
* Sewerage system	_	(145,086)	(15,881)		(160,967)
Total accumulated depreciation		(190,423)	(21,714)		(212,137)
Net capital assets being depreciated		761,787	45,514		807,301
Net capital assets-Water and Sewerage					
System fund	\$ =	808,943	75,299	(13,815)	870,427

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(7) Capital Assets and Infrastructure (continued)

No interest was capitalized from borrowings related to construction projects during 2005.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administration	\$ 2,376
Public Safety	4,990
Legal	5,228
Infrastructure and facilities	25,607
Social services	4,753
Health services	<u>475</u>
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	<u>\$ 43,429</u>
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewerage	\$ 21,714
Airport	141
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	<u>\$ 21,855</u>

A summary of the capital assets of County's discretely presented component unit is as follows (in thousands):

		January 1,			December 31,
		2005	Increases	Decreases	2005
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	1,654	_	_	1,654
Construction in progress	_	3,619	7,510	(8,208)	2,921
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,273	7,510	(8,208)	4,575
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Equipment		102,061	11,161	(14,186)	99,036
Buildings	_	447,980	7,186		455,166
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	550,041	18,347	(14,186)	554,202
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Equipment		(48,352)	(15,389)	14,186	(49,555)
Buildings and other improvements		(251,902)	(18,182)		(270,084)
Total accumulated depreciation		(300,254)	(33,571)	14,186	(319,639)
Net capital assets being depreciated	_	249,787	(15,224)		234,563
Net capital assets- governmental activities	\$ =	255,060	(7,714)	(8,208)	239,138

Total depreciation expense for the Hospital Authority was \$33,571. All depreciation was incurred on assets acquired to provide health services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations

(a) Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2005 (in thousands of dollars):

Governmental activities:	7	January 1, 2005	Additions	Retirements	Other*	December 31, 2005	Due within one vear
Certificates of participation	↔	132,115	1	(4,915)		127,200	5,145
Less deferred charges, net		(568)	-	,	26	(512)	
Total Certificates of Participation		131,547		(4,915)	99	126,688	
Building Authority Revenue Bonds		94,548	1	(11,960)	1,570	84,158	13,775
Less deferred charges, net		584	-		(86)	486	
Total Building Authority Revenue Bonds		95,132		(11,960)	1,472	84,644	
General Obligation Bonds		24,077	r	(9,863)	167	14,381	3,164
Compensated absences		45,525	21,919	(19,479)	1	47,965	21,919
Other long term capital lease obligations		35,914	1	(4,266)		31,648	4,640
Claims and judgments		16,129	1	(6,193)	348	10,284	373
Post-closure care	ł	15,614		(895)	,	14,719	555
Total Governmental activities	∞	363,938	21,919	(57,571)	2,043	330,329	49,571
Business-type activities:							
Water & Sewerage Revenue Bonds	6/3	597,690	ı	(8,655)	ı	589,035	9,180
Less deferred charges, net	ı	681	-	,	233	914	
Total Water & Sewerage Revenue Bonds		598,371	-	(8,655)	233	589,949	
Note Payable		1,065	1	(142)	ı	923	152
Other long-term liabilites	İ	1,359	1,000	(803)		1,556	1,000
Total business-type activities	∽	600,795	1,000	(0,600)	233	592,428	10,332

^{*}Includes accretion of interest on revenue bonds, amortization of bond premium and discount, and other adjustments to long term liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations (continued)

Bonds Payable

(1) General Obligation Bonds - The County issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities and are reported as a governmental activity in the government wide Statement of Net Assets. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Issue year	-	Interest rate range	Final maturity date	Outstanding Balance	Annual principal installments	Purpose
1992 1993 1997 1998	1	6.20-6.60 5.30-5.375 4.90-5.25 4.10-4.65	2009 2010 2017 2018	1,911 8,295 2,010 2,165	248-302 215-1,975 140-235 140-230	Capital facilities Capital facilities Capital facilities Capital facilities
				\$ 14,381		

^{*}The County intents to call the 1997 General Obligation bonds for early retirement and budgeted resources to early retire these bonds in fiscal 2006.

(2) Revenue Bonds Payable - The County also issues bonds where the County pledges income derived from the acquired constructed assets to pay debt service. The County has issued revenue bonds for the general government and for proprietary activities. The Building Authority bonds are paid from general governmental activities, while the Water and Sewerage Revenue bonds are paid from business-type activities. Revenue bonds outstanding are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Interest rate range	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	_	Outstanding balance		Annual principal installments
6.70-6.75%	2011	\$	14,308	\$	5,965-6,015
6.00	2007		2,615		595-2,020
3.00-5.25	2014		4,335		400-Ś80
3.25-5.00	2014		32,385		205-6,975
4.00-5.00	2010		30,515		5,640-6,645
		\$	84,158		
		_			
6.25%	2010	\$	29,002	\$	1,840-9,710
4.30-5.25	2027		267,903		445-20,320
2.00-5.25	2034		293,044		135-36,935
		\$	589,949		ŕ
	6.70-6.75% 6.00 3.00-5.25 3.25-5.00 4.00-5.00	Interest rate range Maturity Date 6.70-6.75% 2011 6.00 2007 3.00-5.25 2014 3.25-5.00 2014 4.00-5.00 2010 6.25% 2010 4.30-5.25 2027	Interest rate range Maturity Date 6.70-6.75% 2011 \$ 6.00 2007 3.00-5.25 2014 3.25-5.00 2014 4.00-5.00 2010 \$ 6.25% 2010 \$ 4.30-5.25 2027 \$	Interest rate range Maturity Date Outstanding balance 6.70-6.75% 2011 \$ 14,308 6.00 2007 2,615 3.00-5.25 2014 4,335 3.25-5.00 2014 32,385 4.00-5.00 2010 30,515 \$ 84,158 6.25% 2010 \$ 29,002 4.30-5.25 2027 267,903 2.00-5.25 2034 293,044	Interest rate range Maturity Date Outstanding balance 6.70-6.75% 2011 \$ 14,308 \$ 6.00 \$ 2007 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615 \$ 2,2615

⁽¹⁾ Non-callable general obligation bonds

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize bonds payable as of December 31, 2005, including interest payments are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Year Ending		General Obligation Bonds		Building Authority Revenue Bonds		Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds		Total Primary		
								December 31	_	Principal
2006	- \$	3,164	680	13,775	3,242	9,180	29,637	26,119	33,559	
2007		3,111	594	12,780	2,599	9,740	29,077	25,631	32,270	
2008		3,046	500	10,898	3,630	10,335	28,482	24,279	32,612	
2009		2,080	253	10,759	4,033	10,965	27,851	23,804	32,137	
2010		335	144	10,697	4,112	11,555	27,258	22,587	31,514	
2011-2015		1,960	462	25,249	6,329	67,415	126,661	94,624	133,452	
2016-2020		685	44	-	-	85,965	108,113	86,650	108,157	
2021-2025		-	-	-	-	108,815	85,262	108,815	85,262	
2026-2030		-	-	-	-	137,735	56,331	137,735	56,331	
2031-2035		<u> </u>	-			137,330	17,932	137,330	17,932	
Total		14,381	2,677	84,158	23,945	589,035	536,604	687,574	563,226	
Deferred charges/										
premiums				486	(486)	914	(914)	1,400	(1,400)	
Total	\$	14,381	2,677	84,644	23,459	589,949	535,690	688,974	561,826	

In current and prior years, the County defeased certain outstanding revenue and general obligation bonds and lines of credit by placing the proceeds of new bonds and County resources in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds and lines of credit. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the accompanying financial statements. At December 31, 2005, the outstanding amount of bonds considered defeased totaled \$83,340.

- (3) *Covenants* The various bond indentures contain a number of limitations and restrictions. The County's management believes that it is in compliance with all limitations and restrictions at December 31, 2005.
- (4) **Debt Margins** The County is subject to the Municipal Finance Law of Georgia which limits the amount of net bonded debt (exclusive of revenue bonds) the County may have outstanding up to 10% of the average assessed valuation of the past five years. At December 31, 2005, the General Obligation Bonds outstanding, net of amounts available in the Debt Service Fund, related to General Obligation Bonds of \$14,381 totaled \$1,295. The statutory limit at that date was \$4,249,690 providing a debt margin of \$4,248,395.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations (continued)

Certificates of Participation

The County entered into a capital lease obligation with the Fulton County Facilities Corporation, an entity that finances the costs of acquiring, constructing, renovating and equipping various public purpose projects in Fulton County. The County entered into a Public-Purpose Master Lease agreement in which the County agreed to make twenty annual lease payments, subject to annual appropriation, sufficient to pay principal and interest to the Corporation. The total lease obligation as of December 31, 2005 is \$127,200 with interest rates ranging from 4.875% to 6.00%.

The annual requirements to amortize this capital lease obligation as of December 31, 2005, including interest payments of \$67,150 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Year ended December 31,		Lease Payments
2006	\$	12,219
2007		12,218
2008		12,218
2009		12,220
2010		11,973
2011-2015		56,759
2016-2019	_	76,743
	\$	194,350

(d) Other Long-term Obligations - Capital Leases

The County has entered into other various capital lease obligations totaling \$31,648 with interest rates ranging from 3.95% to 7.66%. The capital leases require the County to make lease payments equal to the debt payments made by the owner of the facility or holder of the lease. The County can exercise its option to purchase each facility upon prepayment of the respective lease. Assets acquired through capital leases are \$45,149 as of December 31, 2005, of which \$6,239 is equipment and \$38,910 is recorded as buildings.

The annual requirements to amortize these other capital lease obligations as of December 31, 2005, including interest payments of \$7,635 and executory costs of \$1,348 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Year ended December 31,	Capital lease Obligation
2006	\$ 6,692
2007	6,825
2008	5,574
2009	6,305
2010	3,412
2011-2015	11,381
2016-2017	442
	\$ 40,631

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations (continued)

(e) Note Payable

The Enterprise Funds entered into a note payable agreement with the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority to finance construction of certain treatment facilities. The note which totals \$923 at December 31, 2005 is payable in quarterly installments of principal and interest and bears interest at 6.7%. The annual requirements to pay the note as of December 31, 2005 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

Year ended December 31,	_	Principal	Interest	Total payments
2006	\$	152	58	210
2007		163	47	210
2008		174	36	210
2009		185	25	210
2010		197	13	210
2011		52	-	52
	\$	923	179	1,102

(f) Tax Anticipation Notes

The County issued \$50 million of Tax Anticipation Notes on May 25, 2005 to provide short term liquidity until property tax collections are due. These Notes were repaid on December 30, 2005 with a stated interest rate of 3.50%.

(g) Hospital Authority Revenue Bonds

Changes in the Authority's non-current liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2005 are noted below: (in thousands)

		January 1,			December 31,	Due within
Long-term debt:		2005	Additions	Retirements	2005	one year
Revenue Certificates	\$	261,648	1,056	(10,702)	252,002	11,855
Capital lease obligations		17,419	1,489	(5,336)	13,572	5,082
total long-term debt		279,067	2,545	(16,038)	265,574	16,937
Other long-term liabilities:						
Deferred revenue	_	1,925	2,757	(3,664)	1,018	
Total	\$_	280,992	5,302	(19,702)	266,592	16,937

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(8) Long-Term Debt & Other Obligations (continued)

Scheduled principal and interest repayments on long-term debt and payments on capital lease obligations are as follows, in thousands.

Year		Autl	iority	Authority Capital			
Ending		Long Term Debt		Lease Obligations		Tot	als
December 31	_	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006	- \$	11,855	12,307	5,082	579	16,937	12,886
2007		12,245	11,920	3,738	317	15,983	12,237
2008		12,790	11,368	1,890	137	14,680	11,505
2009		13,365	10,792	1,016	85	14,381	10,877
2010		13,985	10,177	1,035	49	15,020	10,226
2011-2015		80,795	40,026	811	13	81,606	40,039
2016-2020		103,935	17,532			103,935	17,532
Total		248,970	114,122	13,572	1,180	262,542	115,302
Deferred charges/							
premiums		3,032				3,032	-
Total	\$	252,002	114,122	13,572	1,180	265,574	115,302

In prior years, the Hospital Authority defeased certain outstanding revenue bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account and the defeased bonds are not included in the Hospital Authority's financial statements. At December 31, 2005, the Hospital Authority's outstanding amount of bonds considered defeased in prior years totaled \$24,490 for the Authority's 1990A, 1990B, 1991 Revenue Refunding certificates.

(h) Hospital Authority Capital Lease Obligations

The Hospital Authority has entered into various capital lease agreements for equipment, which expire at various dates through 2011. At December 31, 2005, the gross amount of property, plant, and equipment recorded under capital leases is \$35,847 and the related accumulated depreciation is \$15,295.

(9) Other Long-Term Obligations

(a) Fulton County

The County owns two closed landfill sites within the County geographic boundaries. State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to monitor and maintain these closed landfills for approximately another 20 years. As of December 31, 2005, the County has estimated a liability for postclosure care costs of approximately \$14,719, subject to changes attributable to the effects of inflation, revision of laws, and other variables. The County payments specific to landfill postclosure care approximated \$895 in 2005, which are paid by the Solid Waste fund, a special revenue fund. In 1997, the County received a postclosure care financial assurance certification.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(9) Other Long-Term Obligations (continued)

(b) Hospital Authority

The Authority engages an independent actuary to make an annual evaluation for general and professional liability risks. The provision for these risks for 2005 was \$10,800 consisting of \$5,884 of additional accruals and \$4,916 of excess insurance premiums that were charged to operating expenses in 2005. The cumulative unfunded portion of the actuarially recommended reserve is \$41,332 as of December 31, 2005. The Authority also estimated the reserve for workers' compensation liability by calculating a future reserve for compensated absences and related medical expenses for all open claims outstanding as of that date plus estimating an amount for claims incurred by not reported, which totaled \$5,261 as of December 31, 2005.

The Authority has a \$163,000 letter of credit to provide interim working capital prior to receiving the fourth quarter Indigent Care Trust Fund payment and to provide the funds for the intergovernmental transfer to the State of Georgia. The line of credit expired in January 2006. \$25,000 was owed as of December 31, 2005. The balance under the line of credit bore interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of the LIBOR market index rate plus 65 basis points, (5.2% at December 31, 2005).

(10) Interfund Assets/Liabilities and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of December 31, 2005 are attributable to unsettled balances at year-end for charges and transfers between funds. A Non-major governmental fund owed the Special Service district fund, a major fund, \$244 as of December 31, 2005. No other balances exist as of December 31, 2005. Interfund transfers are attributable to the budgeted allocation of resources from one fund to another for capital outlay projects, matching resources for federal and state grants, and other transfers adopted within the County's budget. These transfers are reported below (in thousands of dollars):

	Transferred To								
Transferred From	General fund		Special Service District fund	Non-Major Govern- mental funds	Total				
General fund	- \$ -			96,190	96,190				
Special Service District fund		1,053	_	9,134	10,187				
Non-major									
governmental funds			12,435	6,351	18,786				
	\$	1,170	12,435	111,675	125,163				

(11) Risk Management

The County is self-insured for workers' compensation, unemployment, auto and general liability. The County pays for such claims as they become due from this fund, including claims and judgments. The present value of the estimated future liability for outstanding claims, including estimated incurred but unreported claims, as of December 31, 2005, which is expected to be paid after one year, is \$10,284. This estimated future liability is reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide statements. The County purchases commercial insurance for these

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(11) Risk Management (continued)

exposures at various claim levels. The County has not experienced any significant decrease in insurance coverage in 2005. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in each of the past three fiscal years.

Additionally, the County is partially self-insured for employee medical claims. The County accounts for its liability for such medical claims and estimated incurred and unreported claims, together with the accumulation of resources for their payment through employee charges and County contributions, in the Insurance Stabilization Fund (Internal Service Fund). At December 31, 2005, the present value of the estimated future liability for outstanding claims, including estimated incurred, but not reported claims, is \$3,430. At December 31, 2005, the County held \$15,063 in cash and cash equivalents available for payment of these claims.

The County has also recorded a liability within the Risk Management Fund of \$2,000 to provide for resources to insure for general, employee and vehicle liability and automobile physical damage. At December 31, 2005, the County held \$10,655 in cash and cash equivalents available for payment of these claims.

Outstanding liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards; therefore, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. Liabilities are discounted, that is, they reflect potential investment income that is expected to be earned on the loss reserves until they are paid.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities for the County for the period ended December 31, 2005 was as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	-	Beginning of fiscal year liability	Current year claims and changes in estimates	Claims payments	Balance at fiscal year-end
2005	\$	22,737	55,713	(62,736)	15,714
2004		29,599	54,562	(61,424)	22,737

(12) Deferred Compensation Plan

The County has adopted a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") in accordance with the 2001 revisions of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan, available to all Fulton County employees, allows an employee to voluntarily defer receipt of up to 25% of gross compensation, not to exceed \$14,000 or \$15,000 for years ending 2005 through 2006. These are based on the new provisions of the 2001 Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act (EGTRRA). The Plan assets are held in custodial accounts for the exclusive benefit of the Plan participants and their beneficiaries and, therefore, the plan assets and liabilities are not recorded on the financial statements of the County. Valic, ICMA, Nationwide, and CityStreet independently manage assets of the plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(13) Retirement Plans

(a) County Pension Plan

The County maintains for eligible employees the Fulton County Employees Retirement System Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a single-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The Plan was created effective September 1, 1991, as successor to four separate County-maintained pension plans, for all eligible employees of Fulton County. Prior to the establishment of the Plan, the employees of the County were participants in one of two predecessor plans, the General Employees' Pension Plan or the Employees' Pension Plan. Employees who did not elect to participate in the Plan will continue to be eligible for the same benefits of the prior plan in which they participated; however, participation was made a condition of employment for new employees as of September 1, 1991.

The Plan is administered by an eleven member board of trustees which includes two members of the Board of Commissioners, the County Manager, the Director of Finance, a representative citizen of the County, a designee of the Commission's Chairman, a Peace Officer, a retiree of the County, and three active employees.

Complete financial statements for the Plan can be obtained at the following address:

Fulton County Suite 7001 141 Pryor Street, N.W. Atlanta, Georgia 30303

The funding method and determination of benefits payable are provided in or authorized by various acts of the Georgia Legislature and statutes enacted by the County under home rule powers granted by the State. The Plan generally provides that funds to provide retirement benefits are to be accumulated from employee and County contributions and income from the investment of accumulated funds. Should the accumulated funds be insufficient to meet and pay the benefits when due, Fulton County shall be required to make up any deficiency.

The Plan provides monthly retirement benefits that represent 2.25% of the participants' monthly earnings (the average of the highest three 12-month period of employment) for the first five years of credible service and then 2.5% thereafter. The Plan awards cost-of-living increases annually, up to a 3% maximum. Benefits also may be payable at termination, death, or disability.

The County's contribution is the actuarially determined amount necessary to fund benefits, less employee contributions. The actuarially determined contribution amount is the sum of the annual normal cost and the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the years remaining in the allowable funding period. The actuarial cost method used for funding purposes is the entry age normal cost method. This is one of the approved methods for such plans in Georgia and provides for contributions based on a level percentage of future payroll. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized on a closed basis over a period established by State of Georgia guidelines.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(13) Retirement Plans (continued)

The required contribution percentages developed in the most recent actuarial valuations for the Plan, and the actual contributions, including contributions to the Supplemental Plan described in this note, made for 2005 are as follows (in thousands of dollars):

	 2005
Total required employer contributions: Dollar amount Percent of covered payroll	\$ 32,726 31.19%
Actual employer contributions: Dollar amount Percent of covered payroll	\$ 32,340 30.83%

Employee contribution rates are established in accordance with pension law. During 2005 actual countywide employee contributions were \$6,677 which represented 6.36 of covered payroll.

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the January 1, 2005 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.2% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 4.0-5.0% annually depending on years of service, (c) inflationary adjustments at or exceeding 3% annually. The net pension asset is being amortized on a level dollar amount over 30 years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period.

Membership

Current membership in the Plan and current year payrolls for 2005 are as follows:

Members:	
Retired and receiving benefits	2,293
Terminated with vested benefits	26
Active employees:	
Vested	1,732
Nonvested	387
Total members	4,438
Total current year payroll (in thousands)	\$ 105,430
Total current year payroll for employees	
covered by the Plan (in thousands)	\$ 104,909

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(13) Retirement Plans (continued)

The Plan's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for 2005 were as follows:

	_	(In thousands of dollars)
Annual required contribution	\$	32,726
Interest on net pension obligation		(4,139)
Adjustment to annual required contribution		5,093
Annual pension cost	_	33,680
Contributions made, including interest	_	33,555
Increase in net pension obligation		125
Net pension obligation (asset) beginning of year	_	(50,477)
Net pension obligation (asset) end of year	\$_	(50,352)

Significant actuarial assumption changes were made effective January 1, 2005 based on a five year experience study for the period 2000-2004. Based on this experience study, the Pension Board has agreed to change the Salary Increase and Retirement Age assumptions. The effect of this asset methodology change increased the January 1, 2005 unfunded actuarial liability by \$32,631,000. No actuarial assumption changes were made for the actuarial evaluation dated January 1, 2006.

Effective January 1, 1999, the County adopted new plan provisions for the defined benefit plan (the "Enhanced 1991 Pension Plan"). The new plan provisions modify the benefit accrual rate under the 1991 Pension Plan from 2% up to 2.25% for each of the first five years of creditable service and then 2.50% thereafter.

As of June 16, 1999, this Defined Benefit plan was closed to new participants as the County adopted a new Defined Contribution plan under the IRS 401(A) provision for governmental entities. All active participants in the Fulton County Employees' Retirement System have the annual option to remain in their current defined benefit plan or elect to participate in the defined contribution plan.

On January 1, 2000, The Fulton County Employee's Retirement System Supplemental Plan was established to comply with federal tax laws and has an approximate unfunded actuarial liability of approximately \$1 million as of January 1, 2005 that is not reflected in the data below. The participant information, actuarial funding methods, and assumption used in this valuation are similar to those of the Fulton County Defined Benefit plan and obtained its biannual actuarial review as of January 1, 2005.

The information required to allocate the net pension asset for Proprietary funds was not available as of this date and the net pension asset is reported in the government-wide statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(13) Retirement Plans (continued)

Schedule of Employer Contributions Three-Year Trend Information

(Dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

Fiscal year ended	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC contributed	_	Net pension obligation (asset)
December 31, 2003 December 31, 2004 December 31, 2005	\$ 28,256 30,983 33,680	95.8% 100.1 99.6	\$	(49,164) (50,477) (50,352)

Schedule of Funding Progress

(Dollar amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of assets (a)	Entry age normal Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Asset) (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	_ ,	Covered payroll (c)	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll ([b - a]/c)
December 31, 2000 December 31, 2001 December 31, 2002 December 31, 2003 December 31, 2004 December 31, 2005	\$ 895,540 954,545 1,004,253(2) 1,018,979 1,038,201 1,064,825	893,165(1) 984,425(2) 1,085,354(2) 1,149,383 1,232,491(3) 1,277,972	(2,375)(1) 29,880(2) 81,101(2) 130,404 194,290(3) 213,147	100.3% 97.0 92.5 88.7 84.2 83.3	\$	143,983 140,787 140,931 120,074 115,284 104,909	(1.6)% 21.2 57.5 108.6 168.5 203.2

- (1) Includes effect of January 1, 2001 actuarial assumption modifications.
- (2) Includes effect of January 1, 2003 actuarial assumption and plan modifications.
- (3) Includes effect of January 1, 2005 actuarial assumption modifications.

(b) Defined Contribution Plan

The Fulton County Defined Contribution Pension Plan was established in June 1999 to provide retirement benefits for new employees, appointees and other County officials, as the defined benefit plan was closed. GEB Corporation serves as an independent administrator of the plan. At December 31, 2004, the plan has approximately 3,700 active participants who contributed 6% of their pensionable earnings, approximately \$9,334 during 2004. The County also contributed approximately \$12,446 to this plan throughout the year. Participants fully vest the matched contributions over a five-year period. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by and may be amended by the County Board of Commissioners within the scope of all applicable laws.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(13) Retirement Plans (continued)

(c) Hospital Authority Pension Plan

The Hospital Authority has a single-employer trusteed noncontributory defined benefit pension plan in which substantially all regular employees are eligible to participate. The Hospital Authority's funding policy is to contribute annually an amount sufficient to meet the actuarially determined pension expense for that year. The Hospital Authority issues a publicly available financial report on this plan which may be obtained by writing to Grady Health System Chief Financial Officer, 80 Jesse Hill, Jr. Drive, S.E., Administrative Office, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

(14) Other Post-Employment Benefits

The County provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees through an independent third party administrator, as authorized by various acts of the Georgia Legislature and statutes enacted by the County. Substantially all of the County's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. Fulton County contributes 75-90% of the premium cost for health care coverage, based upon the plan chosen by the participant, and contributes 100% of the premium cost for \$10,000 of life insurance coverage for those employees retiring after December 1, 1988. The County pays 75% of the life insurance premiums for those persons who retired prior to December 1, 1988. The County also pays 90% of the premium cost for a Medicare supplement program for those retirees 65 years old or older. The total cost to provide retiree health care and life insurance benefits, in the Health Insurance Stabilization fund, an internal service fund, is recognized as paid; such costs approximated \$16,238 in 2005.

(15) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Fulton County

(1) *Litigation* — The County expects several lawsuits stemming from a incident within the courthouse area that resulted in fatalities. The eventual outcome of this suit is not known at this time, but could be substantial in nature.

The County is a also a defendant in a number of other legal actions in the nature of claims for damages to persons and property, civil rights violations, condemnation, and other similar types of actions arising in the course of normal County operations. In the opinion of County management, after consultation with legal counsel, an aggregate liability ranging from \$3 million to \$22 million is believe to be reasonably possible. Of this amount, up to \$3 million is believed to be probable. The County will continue to assert its position in a defense against all unsettled claims. The County has accrued \$7 million for these cases, \$5 million within the long term debt section and \$2 million within the claims payable on the government wide Statement Net Assets presented on page 11.

(2) *Grants* - The County participates in a number of Federal financial assistance programs. These programs are subject to independent financial and compliance audits by independent auditors and grantor agencies. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

(15) Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

(3) *Commitments* - Commitments for water and sewerage system improvements at December 31, 2005 total approximately \$31,652.

(b) Hospital Authority

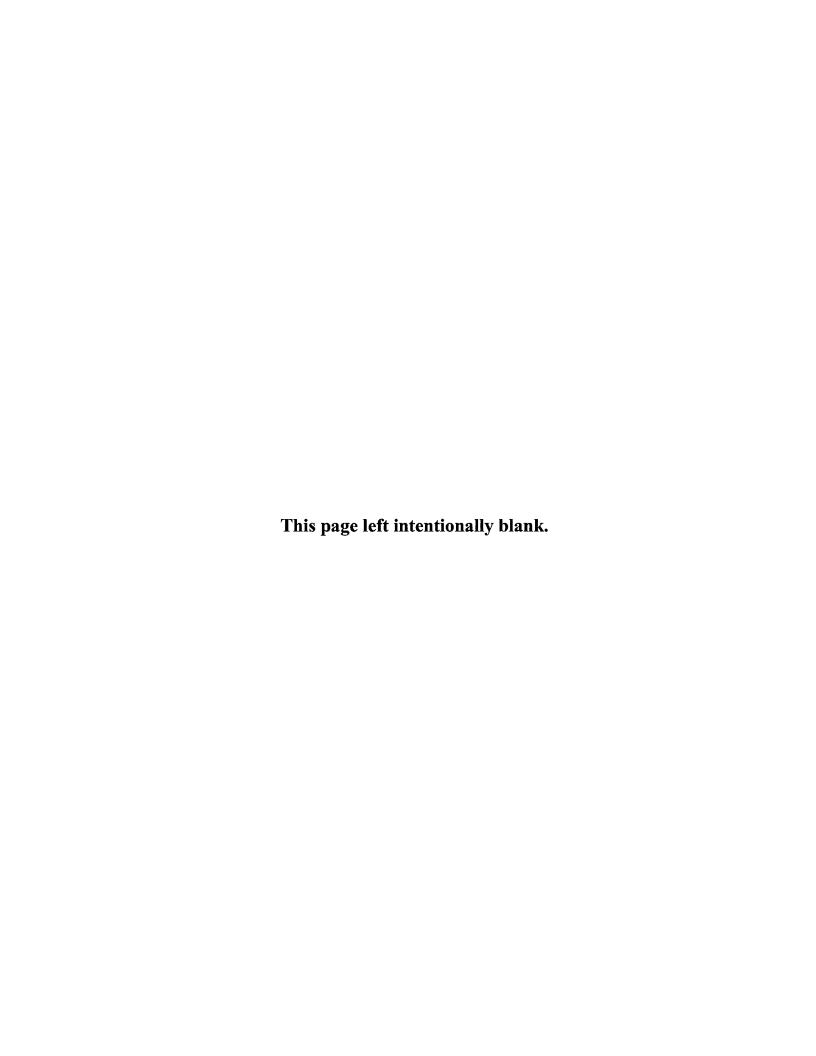
- (1) *Litigation* The Hospital Authority is named as a defendant in several pending lawsuits. While the ultimate outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the Hospital Authority's management that these claims will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Hospital Authority.
- (2) *Operating Leases* Leases that do not meet the criteria for capitalization are classified as operating leases with related rental expense charged to operations as incurred. The Hospital Authority has several noncancelable operating leases, primarily for office space, which expire at various dates through 2010. The future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases as of December 31, 2004 are as follows (in thousands):

		Operating leases
2005	\$	943
2006		971
2007		960
2008		962
2009		996
Thereafter		1,683
	\$ -	6,515

(16) Subsequent Events

The County in May of 2006 issued \$80 million in Tax Anticipation Notes to provide operating capital until property tax collections are received by the County.

In July of 2006, various sections of the unincorporated section of Fulton County will vote in a referendum to allow incorporation. This will affect the allocation of sales tax revenues for the general operations of Fulton County's general fund (a major fund) and have significant financial and operational effect on the County's Special Service fund (a major fund). This change is being addressed by County management as well as the Board of Commissioners.



COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The County's Non-Major Governmental Funds are categorized as Debt Service fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds, and are described below:

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - accounts for resources accumulated to provide debt service payments for the County's required principal and interest payments for the fiscal year and future periods.

<u>Special Revenue funds</u> – account for resources accumulated to provide various activities that by nature are restricted to a particular purpose or for which the County has decided to track separately, and include the following:

Grants-in-Aid - accounts for significant financial assistance received from federal and state agencies. This fund is used to account for the revenues and the expenditures of monies received from the granting agencies in accordance with the specific terms of the grant agreements.

Emergency Telephone – accounts for resources provided, used, and accumulated for 911 dispatch, routing and other emergency related services.

Solid Waste fund - accounts for the provision of services for the annual postclosure costs for the two closed landfills within the County.

Stormwater Management fund - accounts for the provision of resources related to control of stormwater runoff and overflow.

General Governmental Services – accounts for resources provided, used, and accumulated for various services offered within the County that are not recouped through an internal charge or reimbursement.

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

Special Revenue funds – (continued)

Public and Mental Health services-accounts for resources obtained from intergovernmental grants and contributions which are expended to provide health and mental health services to County residents.

Public Education Government Television – accounts for resources provided, used, and accumulated from cable provider fees for acquiring equipment and other assets used for public access educational and various other governmental programming.

Law Enforcement and Justice Services - accounts for the resources obtained, accumulated, and used for various adjudication activities, including indigent defense, court ordered payments, seized property and other related assets.

Hotel/Motel Taxes - accounts for the resources obtained from taxes obtained from hotel visitors that are used to fund travel and tourism.

Social and Cultural services – accounts for resources accumulated and provided to various other entities that assist County efforts to provide social, cultural, and community assistance throughout the County.

Other Special Revenue funds – accounts for resources accumulated and provided for various other purposes not included in the above funds.

Sandy Springs Tax Allocation District fund – accounts for tax revenues accumulated for various development purposes within a geographic area of unincorporated Fulton County.

DESCRIPTION OF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (continued)

<u>Capital Project funds</u> – account for resources accumulated for various bond issues and other sources for the purpose of capital improvement for the County. These funds include the following:

Serial Bond Fund - These bonds were issued from 1985 - 1998, and account for the financial resources to be used for capital facilities in the areas of health, parks, public buildings, and traffic.

Library Bond Fund – residual proceeds from a 1985 bond issue for County library construction projects.

Capital Improvements Fund - accounts for capital expenditures funded by transfers from the General Fund, in the areas of health, jail, library, and public buildings.

Fulton County Facilities Corporation - accounts for the resources used in the design, construction, renovation, and furnishing of certain capital projects that are leased exclusively to Fulton County.

Fulton County Building Authority - accounts for resources used in the design, construction, renovation, and furnishing of certain County buildings including the Government Center and Judicial Complex.

Other Capital Projects - accounts for capital lease purchases of buildings, vehicles, and office equipment.

Special Services District (SSD) Projects - accounts for special services district capital expenditures in the area of parks, fire protection other public works.

Transportation Improvements - accounts for resources dedicated to roadway networks within unincorporated Fulton County.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

			Special Revenue Funds						
	_	Debt Service fund	Grants in	Emergency Telephone	Solid Waste	Stormwater Management	General Government Services		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	20,563 2,474	=	5,401 —	1,689	6,262 —	1,382		
Receivables (net of allowances): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	-	192 — —	10,583				8		
Total assets	\$_	23,229	10,583	5,401	1,689	6,262	1,390		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to others Deferred revenue	\$	 170	8,957 — — —	275 — 1,221	57 244 —		(275)		
Total liabilities		170	8,957	1,496	301		(275)		
Fund balances (deficit): Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for debt service Unreserved: Designated Designated Designated for property and infrastructure		23,059	1,626	 3,905	1,388	6,262	 1,665		
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	23,059	1,626	3,905	1,388	6,262	1,665		
Total liabilities and fund balances	- \$_	23,229	10,583	5,401	1,689	6,262	1,390		

(continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

				Special Rev	enue Fund	S		
	-	Public and Mental Health services	Public Education Government Television	Law Enforcement and Justice services	Hotel/ Motel Taxes	Social and Cultural services	Other Special Revenue	Sandy Springs Tax Allocation District
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances):	\$	=	963 —	5,996 —	253 —	4,926 713	3,902	_3
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	_			14 				
Total assets	\$_		963	6,010	253	5,639	3,902	3
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to others Deferred revenue	\$	4,280 — — —	_ _ 	 1,415 			 	
Total liabilities	_	4,280		1,415		730		
Fund balances deficit): Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for debt service Unreserved: Designated Designated for property & infrastructure	_		963 —	4,595 ———		4,909 ———	3,902	3
Total fund balances (deficit)	_	(4,280)	963	4,595	253	4,909	3,902	3
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_		963	6,010	253	5,639	3,902	3

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds

December 31, 2005

	Capital Projects Funds										
Serial bond	Library bond	Capital Improvements	Fulton County Facilities Corporation	Fulton County Building Authority	Other capital projects	Special Service District projects	Transport- ation Improve- ments	Total Non-major Governmental Funds			
151 1,688	1 99	44,091 —	8,269 —	596 —	3,599 —	21,875	501 19,794	130,423 24,768			
_ 	 				_ 			192 22 10,583			
1,839	100	44,091	8,269	596	3,599	21,875	20,295	165,988			
 	 	539 — —	77 	_ _ 	_ _ 	665 — —	_ _ 	14,850 244 3,091 170			
		539	77			665		18,355			
=	_	8,402	486 —	_	=	10,218	2,889	21,995 23,059			
1,839	100	35,150	7,706	 596	3,599	10,992	17,406	25,191 77,388			
1,839	100	43,552	8,192	596	3,599	21,210	20,295	147,633			
1,839	100	44,091	8,269	596	3,599_	21,875	20,295	165,988			

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

			Special Revenue Funds						
	_	Debt Service fund	Grants in Aid	Emergency Telephone	Solid Waste	Stormwater Management	General Government Services		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$	2,750		_		_	_		
Intergovernmental		_	42,825 778	8,449	602	_			
Charges for services Courts and law enforcement		_		8,449	002 —	_	_		
Use of money and property		615	16						
Miscellaneous		_	_	_	_		136		
Net appreciation (depreciation)		_							
in investments	_	3							
Total revenues	_	3,368	43,619	8,449	602		136		
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Administration			311				172		
Public safety Infrastructure and facilities		_	3,328 2,071	13,410	3,637	905	_		
Social services		_	17,162	_	3,037	903	_		
Health services			21,279	_		_			
Other nonagency		119	_	_	-	_	_		
Capital outlay		_	_		_	_			
Debt service:		20.412							
Principal retirement Interest		29,413 13,874	_	_	_	_			
merest	_	13,874							
Total expenditures	_	43,406	44,151	13,410	3,637	905	172		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	_	(40,038)	(532)	(4,961)	(3,035)	(905)	(36)		
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in		32,160	1,590	7,100	2,278	1,513	_		
Transfers out	_	(1,661)							
Total other financing sources (uses)		30,499	1,590	7,100	2,278	1,513			
Total other infallening sources (uses)	-	30,777	1,590	7,100	2,270	1,515			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and									
other sources over (under)		(0.400)		2.120	(===)		(2.5)		
expenditures and other uses		(9,539)	1,058	2,139	(757)	608	(36)		
Fund balance at beginning of year		32,598	568	1,766	2,145	5,654	1,701		
	_	,-,-							
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$_	23,059	1,626	3,905	1,388	6,262	1,665		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

(in thousands of dollars)

Special Revenue Funds											
Me He	ic and ntal alth vices	Public Education Government Television	Law Enforcement and Justice services	Hotel/ Motel Taxes	Social and Cultural services	Other Special Revenue	Sandy Springs Tax Allocation District				
	_	_	_		_	_	_				
	14,662 9,375		304	_	_		_				
	9,575 —	_	2,243	_			_				
	_	207		_	737 57	227 2,635	75 1				
	 _	<u> </u>									
2	24,037	207	2,547		794	2,862	751				
	_	_	 .		_	495	1,616				
	_		2,863			1,738	_				
4	— 54,149	_	2,491		9,498 595	_					
-	— —	_	_	_			_				
	_			_	_	_	_				
											
5	54,149_	266	5,354		10,093	2,233	1,616				
(3	0,112)	(59)	(2,807)		(9,299)	629	(865)				
2	26,667	_	_	_	8,060		_				
						(4,690)					
2	26,667				8,060	(4,690)					
((3,445)	(59)	(2,807)		(1,239)	(4,061)	(865)				
	(835)	1,022	7,402	253	6,148	7,963	868				
	(4,280)	963	4,595	253_	4,909	3,902	3				

(continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	Capital Projects Funds										
	Serial Bond	Library Bond	Capital Improvements	Fulton County Facilities Corporation	Fulton County Building Authority	Other Capital Projects	Special Service District Projects	Transpor- tation Improve- ments	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Revenues:											
Taxes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_		2,750		
Intergovernmental	_	_	_	_	_	_	441		58,232		
Charges for services	_	_	_	_	_	166	_	_	19,370		
Courts and law enforcement				154			001	122	2,243		
Use of money and property	52	3	826 350	154	8	51	901	132	3,722		
Miscellaneous Net appreciation (depreciation)		_	330	_	_	_	_	_	4,136		
in investments			17				14	2	36		
Total revenues			1,193	154	8	217	1,356	134	90,489		
Tomi revenues			1,175				1,550		70,102		
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Administration	_	_		_	_	_	_		2,594		
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	19,601		
Infrastructure and facilities	_			_					8,617		
Social services		_		_			_		29,151		
Health services	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	76,023		
Other nonagency	_	_	_			_			119		
Capital outlay	3	_	12,323	258	_	1,714	11,733	2,074	28,105		
Debt service:											
Principal retirement	_	~~~	_	_	_	_	_	_	29,413		
Interest									13,874		
Total expenditures	3		12,323	258		1,714	11,733	2,074	207,497		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	49	3	(11,130)	(104)	8	(1,497)	(10,377)	(1,940)	(117,008)		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out			6,617			396	10,104 (12,435)	15,190	111,675 (18,786)		
Total other financing sources (uses)			6,617			396	(2,331)	15,190	92,889		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	49	3	(4,513)	(104)	8	(1,101)	(12,708)	13,250	(24,119)		
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,790	97	48,065	8,296	588	4,700	33,918	7,045	171,752		
and camino at comming of year	1,770		10,000	0,270				7,013	1,13,132		
Fund balance at end of year	1,839	100	43,552	8,192	596	3,599	21,210	20,295	147,633		

Debt Service fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt Service funds:	-				(= += g-== - /
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	2,740	2,740	2,806	66
Use of Money and Property		360	360	614	254
Transfers		32,271	32,271	32,160	(111)
Appropriated Fund Balance		8,220	8,220	9,487	1,267
Total revenues	\$_	43,591	43,591	45,067	1,476
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:					
To record net change in taxes receivable and deferred revenues				(56)	
To record net change in interest received depreciation of investments	vabl	e and		4	
Appropriated Fund Balance				(9,487)	
Total adjustment to GAAP basis				(9,539)	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	ΑP	basis		35,528	
Expenditures					
Principal	\$	29,416	29,416	29,413	3
Interest		13,997	13,997	13,874	123
Other		178	178	119	59
Transfers				1,661	(1,661)
Total expenditures	\$_	43,591	43,591	45,067	(1,476)
Total expenditures and other uses, GA	\AP	basis		45,067	

Special Revenue funds

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Emergency Communications:	_	Duager	Duaget		(reguerre)	
Revenues Charges for Services	\$	6,000	6,000	8,449	2,449	
Appropriated Fund Balance	Φ	1,975	1,975		(1,975)	
Transfers	_	7,100	7,100	7,100		
Total revenues	\$	15,075	15,075	15,549	474	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AAP b	asis		15,549		
Expenditures						
Total public safety expenditures	\$	15,075	15,075	13,421	1,654	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis - to re of unrecorded liabilities		(11)				
Total expenditures and other uses, G		13,410				
Total emperiorists and other does, or	Total experiences and other uses, G1211 ousis					
Solid Waste:						
Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$	410	410	602	192	
Appropriated Fund Balance Transfers		1,512 2,278	1,512 2,278	702 2,278	(810)	
Total revenues	\$	4,200	4,200	3,582	(618)	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis: Appropriated Fund Balance	-			(702)		
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AAP ba	asis		2,880		
Expenditures						
Total facility expenditures	\$_	4,200	4,200	3,582	618	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis - to re	cord r	et effect				
of unrecorded liabilities	4 4 D 1			2 (37		
Total expenditures and other uses, Ga	AAP b	0as1s		3,637		
			-			
Stormwater Management: Revenues						
Transfers	\$	1,513	1,513	1,513	_	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AP ba			1,513		
Expenditures						
Total infrastructure expenditures	\$	1,513	1,513	993	520	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis - to re	cord r	et effect				
of unrecorded liabilities				(87)		
Total expenditures and other uses, Ga	AAP h	asis		905		
10mi experiences and omer uses, Or	MIN U	4515		703		

Special Revenue funds

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
General Government services:	_	~~ <u>~~</u>			(reguere)
Revenues					
Miscellaneous	\$	224	224	136	(88)
Appropriated Fund Balance	_	334	334	36	(298)
Total revenues	₂ =	558	558	172	(386)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis: Appropriated Fund Balance				(36)_	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AAP b	asis		136	
E					
Expenditures	ው	550	550	170	206
Total administrative expenditures	₂ =	558	558	172	386
Total expenditures and other uses, Ga		172			
Dublic Educational Covernment Tale					
Public Educational Government Tele Revenues	VISIOE	ı			
Miscellanous	\$	254	254	207	(47)
Appropriated Fund Balance	Ψ	1,022	1,022	59	(963)
Total revenues	\$	1,276	1,276	266	(1,010)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:					
Appropriated Fund Balance				(59)	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AP ba	asis		207	
Expenditures	ው	1.076	1.07/	266	1.010
Total facility expenditures	\$_	1,276	1,276	266	1,010
Total expenditures and other uses, GA	AAP b	asis		266	
<u>-</u>					
Law Enforcement and Justice service					
Revenues	·S.				
Anticipated revenues	\$	8,043	8,043	(316)	(8,359)
Appropriated Fund Balance	Ť	6,944	6,944	2,807	(4,137)
Total revenues	\$	14,987	14,987	2,491	(12,496)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis:	_				
Appropriated Fund Balance				(2,807)	
Total revenues and other sources, GA	ΔPh	neie		(316)	
Total revenues and office sources, GA	iAi U	1313		(310)	
Expenditures					
Total social service expenditures	\$	14,987	14,987	2,491	12,496
<u>.</u>	-		7	·,	,
Total expenditures and other uses, GA	AAP b	asis		2,491	
	0			_,.,1	

Special Revenue funds

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Social and Cultural services:	_	Duaget	Duuget	Actual	(regative)
Revenues	_				
Anticipated revenues Appropriated Fund Balance	\$	7,155 4,281	7,155	8,854	1,699
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	11,436	4,281 11,436	1,239 10,093	(3,042)
Reconciliation to GAAP basis: Appropriated Fund Balance Total revenues and other sources, GA	AP ba			(1,239) 8,854	(2,4-10)
Expenditures					
Total social services expenditures	\$	11,436	11,436	10,093	1,343
Total expenditures and other uses, GA	10,093				
Other Special revenue funds: Revenues					
Anticipated revenues	\$	250	250	2,872	2,622
Appropriated Fund Balance		132	132	4,051	3,919
Total revenues	₂ =	382	382	6,923	6,541
Reconciliation to GAAP basis: Change in interest receivable Appropriated Fund Balance Total revenues and other sources, GA	.AP ba	sis		(10) (4,051) 2,862	
Expenditures					
Anticipated Expenditures Transfers out		382	382	2,233 4,690	(1,851) (4,690)
Total expenditures	\$	382	382	6,923	(6,541)
Total expenditures and other uses, GA	AAP ba	asis		6,923	
Sandy Springs Tax Allocation District Revenues	t:				
Total anticipated revenues	\$			751	751
Total revenues and other sources, GA	AP ba	sis		751	
Expenditures Total social service expenditures	\$ <u></u>				
Total expenditures and other uses, Ga	AAP b	asis			

DESCRIPTION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The objective is not to make a profit but rather to recover the total cost of providing the goods or services over a period of time.

The Internal Service funds include the following:

Facilities Services Fund - used to account for purchase of gasoline, vehicle maintenance parts, printing supplies, postage, central supplies, and computer equipment. These items are purchased in bulk and then charged back to the user departments.

Insurance Stabilization Fund - used to account for the payment of health, dental, vision claims and life insurance premiums on behalf of County employees and retirees. County contributions and employee premiums are paid into the fund based on estimated annual costs.

Risk Management Fund - used to account for resources to insure for general, employee and vehicle liability and vehicle physical damage.

Owner Controlled Insurance Fund - used to account for County provided insurance for contractors performing capital project activities.

Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds

December 31, 2005

Assets		Facilities Services fund	Insurance Stabilization fund	Risk Management fund	Owner Controlled Insurance fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		15,063	10,655	275	25,993
Other current assets	_		8,096			8,096
Total assets	_		23,159	10,655	275	34,089
Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		254	_	242		496
Claims payable	_		3,430	2,000		5,430
Total liabilities		254_	3,430	2,242		5,926
Net assets:						
Unrestricted	_	(254)	19,729	8,413	275	28,163
Total net assets	\$_	(254)	19,729	8,413	275	28,163

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Internal Service Funds

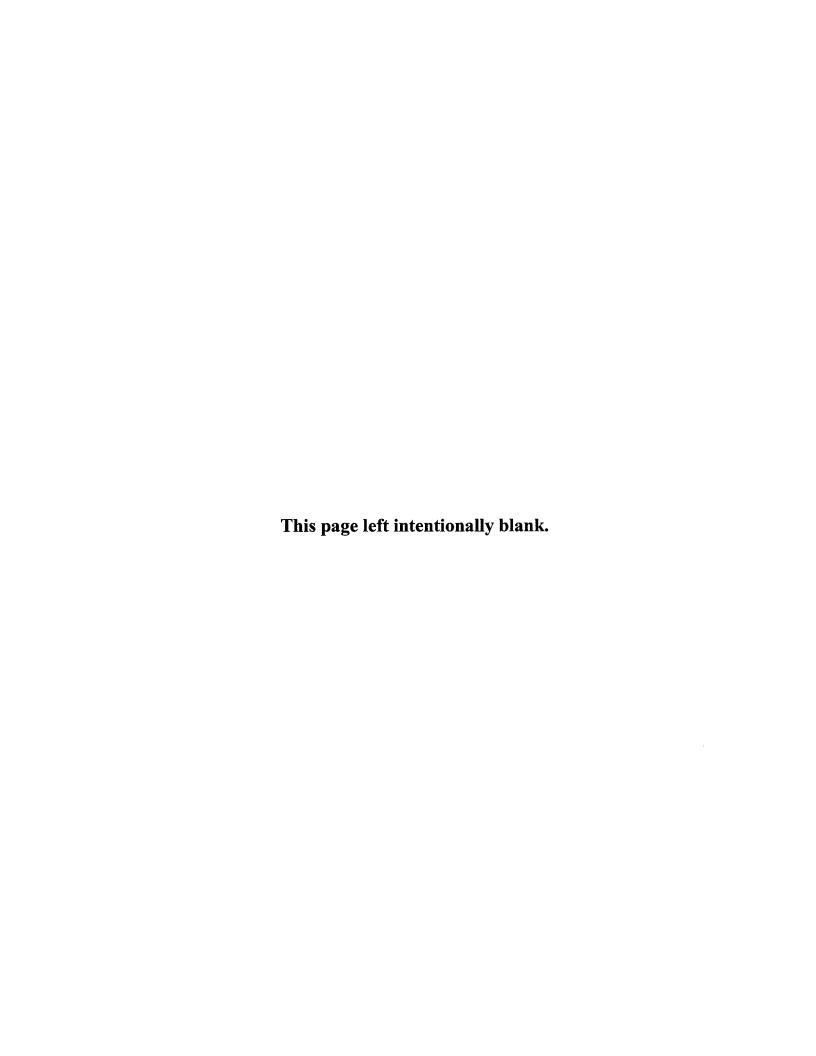
For the year ended December 31, 2005

·	,	Facilities Services fund	Insurance Stabilization fund	Risk Management fund	Owner Controlled Insurance fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues - charges for services	\$	8,408	61,566	18,365		88,339
Operating expenses: Contractual services Administrative and general		— 9,119	62,736	3,369 11,097	570	66,675 20,216
Total operating expenses	,	9,119	62,736	14,466	570	86,891
Operating income (loss)		(711)	(1,170)	3,899	(570)	1,448
Net assets at beginning of year		457	20,899	4,514	845	26,715
Net assets at end of year	\$	(254)	19,729	8,413	275	28,163

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Facilities Services fund	Insurance Stabilization fund	Risk Management fund	Owner Controlled Insurance fund	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	8,408 (8,865) (457)	61,544 (63,914) (2,370)	18,365 (14,472) 3,893	(570) (570)	88,317 (87,821) 496
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(457)	(2,370)	3,893	(570)	496
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	-	457	17,433	6,762	845	25,497
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$		15,063	10,655	275	25,993
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	(711)	(1,170)	3,899	(570)	1,448
Changes in assets and liabilities: Other current assets Accounts and claims payable	_		(22) (1,178)			(22) (930)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(457)	(2,370)	3,893	(570)	496



DESCRIPTION OF AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for monies and property received and held by the County as trustee, custodian, or agent for other governmental entities, individuals or non-profit organizations and consist of the following:

Tax Commissioner - to account for all real, personal, intangible, and intangible recording taxes collected and forwarded to the County and other governmental units.

The following agency funds are used to account for fines, fees and other monies collected by the courts and remitted to other parties in accordance with court orders and state law:

Superior Court
State Court
Juvenile Court
Probate Court
Sheriff and Criminal Court
District Attorney

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds

December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

Sheriff

Assets	Con	Tax Commissioner	Superior Court	State	Juvenile Court	Probate Court	and Criminal Court	District Attorney	Total Agency Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable	60	3,106	10,857	10,264	86	107	21,072	23	45,527 1,484 43,952
Total assets	↔	47,058	10,857	10,264	86	107	22,556	23	90,963
Due to others Due to others	69	47,058	10,857	10,264	- 86		22,556	23	47,058 43,905
Total liabilities	∞	47,058	10,857	10,264	86	107	22,556	23	90,963

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

	Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2005
Tax Commissioner:				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,806	3,372,699	3,380,399	3,106
Taxes receivable	29,090	894,091	879,229	43,952
	\$ 39,896	4,266,790	4,259,628	47,058
Liabilities				
Due to other taxing districts	\$ 39,896	4,266,790	4,259,628	47,058
Superior Court:				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,706	145,989	148,838	10,857
Liabilities				
Due to others	\$ 13,706	145,989	148,838	10,857
State Court:				
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,602	38,424	34,762	10,264
Liabilities				
Due to others	\$ 6,602	38,424	34,762	10,264

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2005
Juvenile Court:					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	82	113	97	98_
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$	82	113	97	98
Probate Court:					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	131	1,260	1,284	107
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$	131_	1,260	1,284	107
Sheriff and Criminal Court: Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,178	112,295	113,401	21,072
Investments	\$	22,178	1,484	113,401	1,484 22,556
Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities	Ф	22,170	113,779	113,401	22,330
Due to others	\$	22,178	113,779	113,401	22,556
District Attorney:					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10	117	104	23
Liabilities					
Due to others	\$	10	117	104	23

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Fiduciary Funds Agency Funds

For the year ended December 31, 2005

		Balance January 1, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2005
Total - All Agency Funds:					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Taxes receivable	\$ \$	53,515 	3,670,897 1,484 894,091 4,566,472	3,678,885 — 879,229 — 4,558,114	45,527 1,484 43,952 90,963
Liabilities					
Due to other taxing districts Due to others	\$	39,896 42,709	4,266,790 299,682	4,259,628 298,486	47,058 43,905
	\$	82,605	4,566,472	4,558,114	90,963

OTHER SCHEDULES

Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - General Obligation Bonds

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Fulton County Building Authority Revenue Bonds

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds

Hotel/Motel Tax Collections and Expenditures

Other Schedules Summary of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

Annual principal and interest requirements

	and interest requirements									
	General	Building	Fulton County							
	obligation	Authority	water and sewerage							
Calendar year	bonds	bonds	revenue bonds	Totals						
2006	3,844	17,017	38,817	59,678						
2007	3,705	15,379	38,817	57,901						
2008	3,546	14,528	38,817	56,891						
2009	2,333	14,792	38,816	55,941						
2010	479	14,809	38,813	54,101						
2011	483	7,855	38,814	47,152						
2012	481	7,880	38,814	47,175						
2013	483	7,909	38,815	47,207						
2014	485	7,934	38,817	47,236						
2015	490	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	38,816	39,306						
2016	488		38,814	39,302						
2017	241		38,815	39,056						
2018			38,813	38,813						
2019			38,818	38,818						
2020		_	38,818	38,818						
2021			38,816	38,816						
2022			38,816	38,816						
2023			38,815	38,815						
2024			38,817	38,817						
2025			38,813	38,813						
2026			38,813	38,813						
2027			38,812	38,812						
2028			38,814	38,814						
2029	_		38,813	38,813						
2030		_	38,814	38,814						
2031		_	38,817	38,817						
2032			38,812	38,812						
2033			38,817	38,817						
2034			38,816	38,816						
;	\$17,058	108,103	1,125,639	1,250,800						

Other Schedules Debt Service Requirements to Maturity General Obligation Bonds

December 31, 2005

Calendar year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2006	\$ 3,164	680	3,844
2007	3,111	594	3,705
2008	3,046	500	3,546
2009	2,080	253	2,333
2010	335	144	479
2011	355	128	483
2012	370	111	481
2013	390	93	483
2014	410	75	485
2015	435	55	490
2016	455	33	488
2017	230	11	241
	\$14,381	2,677	17,058

Other Schedules Debt Service Requirements to Maturity Fulton County Building Authority Revenue Bonds

December 31, 2005

Calendar year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2006	\$ 13,775	3,242	17,017
2007	12,780	2,599	15,379
2008	10,898	3,630	14,528
2009	10,759	4,033	14,792
2010	10,697	4,112	14,809
2011	3,724	4,131	7,855
2012	6,800	1,080	7,880
2013	7,170	739	7,909
2014	7,555	379	7,934
	84,158	23,945	108,103
Unamortized deferred charges (net) at December 31, 2005	486	(486)	
	\$ 84,644	23,459	108,103

Other Schedules
Debt Service Requirements to Maturity
Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds
Series 2004, 1998 and 1992

December 31, 2005

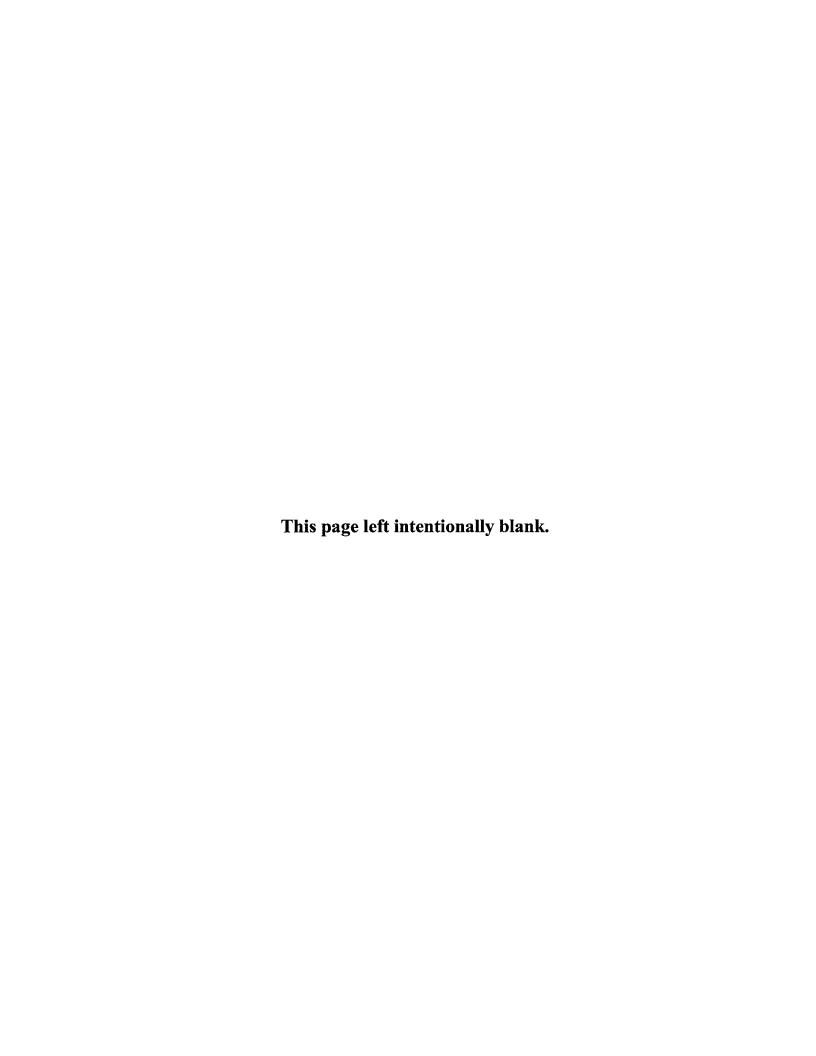
alendar year	Principal	Interest	<u>Totals</u>
2006	\$ 9,180	29,637	38,817
2007	9,740	29,077	38,817
2008	10,335	28,482	38,817
2009	10,965	27,851	38,816
2010	11,555	27,258	38,813
2011	12,160	26,654	38,814
2012	12,795	26,019	38,814
2013	13,465	25,350	38,815
2014	14,160	24,657	38,817
2015	14,835	23,981	38,816
2016	15,575	23,239	38,814
2017	16,355	22,460	38,815
2018	17,170	21,643	38,813
2019	18,000	20,818	38,818
2020	18,865	19,953	38,818
2021	19,770	19,046	38,816
2022	20,720	18,096	38,816
2023	21,715	17,100	38,815
2024	22,760	16,057	38,817
2025	23,850	14,963	38,813
2026	24,995	13,818	38,813
2027	26,195	12,617	38,812
2028	27,455	11,359	38,814
2029	28,825	9,988	38,813
2030	30,265	8,549	38,814
2031	31,815	7,002	38,817
2032	33,435	5,377	38,812
2033	35,145	3,672	38,817
2034	36,935	1,881	38,816
	589,035	536,604	1,125,639
Unamortized discount at December 31, 2005	914	(914)	
	\$ 589,949	535,690	1,125,639

Other Schedules
Hotel/Motel Tax Collections and Expenditures
Year ended December 31, 2005

Collection Period from January 1st to December 31st

		Expend	Expended or		
	Hotel/Motel	Hotel/Motel	Hotel/Motel	Hotel/Motel	Obligated
Collection	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax Expended	as a Percentage
Rate	<u>Collected</u>	Expended	Obligated	or Obligated	of Collected
7%	\$4,619,028	4,515,400	103,629	4,619,029	100.00%

^{*}The Fulton County Tax Commissioner received and disbursed hotel/motel taxes throughout 2005.



STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

General Fund Expenditures* and Other Uses by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)**

	Total	350,804	394,218	442,237	456,650	496,209	536,812	581,004	578,917	569,547	589,540
	Debt <u>service</u>	1,695	1,426	1,444	1,688	1,041	34	7	9	453	830
ansfers	Capital projects	41,751	49,529	30,689	39,522	45,085	67,210	72,836	56,253	42,383	48,150
Tr	<u>Hospital</u>	75,742	68,727	74,984	73,475	73,461	75,600	78,936	80,345	80,345	80,014
Other	non- agency	19,519	19,780	35,120	37,024	39,864	49,495	46,223	55,932	50,085	52,251
	Legal	47,713	54,052	66,152	69,792	77,659	82,361	91,875	97,853	101,628	104,158
	Social <u>services</u>	29,871	39,147	40,084	36,553	42,048	40,524	58,802	59,016	59,485	60,365
Infrast.	and <u>facility</u>	13,651	29,155	33,778	35,203	36,613	35,509	37,866	36,477	42,640	42,572
	Admin.	52,143	53,511	68,717	69,039	76,712	78,705	78,083	80,148	84,380	84,777
	Public <u>safety</u>	51,719	63,411	899'89	68,648	79,693	81,437	88,386	86,225	84,102	89,756
	Health	\$ 17,000	15,480	22,601	25,706	24,033	25,937	27,990	26,662	24,046	26,667
	Fiscal <u>vear</u>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

^{*} The General Fund and Special Services District Fund expenditures shown here and at Table I-2 represent a substantial portion of the governmental expenditures of the County.

^{**}Total General Fund Expenditures presented above are on a non-GAAP budget basis which are affected by certain liability accrual adjustments to Total Expenditures and Other Uses, as disclosed on page 18, the Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

Special Services District Fund Expenditures and Other Uses by Function*

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)**

	Total	68,982	73,907	84,625	83,709	90,072	92,844	100,165	99,355	101,709	109,155
fers	Other	1,838	5,317	2,941	1,279	2,149	2,333	3,563	2,694	2,779	3,466
Trans	Capital Othe	7,570	10,286	9,333	7,358	7,313	8,622	6,534	3,828	4,013	6,721
	Other nonagency	10,267	10,056	9,570	10,607	11,310	11,753	11,937	10,613	10,249	12,738
	Social services	6,674	8,775	10,427	9,554	9,854	10,207	11,152	11,453	11,415	11,544
Infrast.	and <u>facility</u>	13,350	4,642	1,384	874	668	789	833	191	747	652
	Admin.	1,133	1,700	8,125	11,046	11,381	11,381	10,951	13,783	14,146	13,870
	Public <u>safety</u>	\$ 28,150	33,131	42,845	42,991	47,166	47,759	55,195	56,217	58,360	60,164
	Fiscal year	3 9661	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

^{*} The Special Services District Fund and General Fund expenditures shown here and at Table I-1 represent substantially all of the general governmental expenditures of the County.

^{**}Total Special Services District Expenditures presented above are on a non-GAAP budget basis which are affected by certain liability accrual adjustments to Total Expenditures and Other Uses, as disclosed on page 19, the Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual - (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

General Fund
Revenues and Other Financing Source*

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

Total	369,718	410,698	400,223	501,221	512,787	536,078	575,978	574,839	574,072	591,224
Miscellaneous and operating <u>transfers</u>	13,592	11,364	10,038	11,040	14,434	15,132	16,714	15,382	15,682	18,187
Use of money and property	13,975	13,601	13,543	12,827	11,807	11,773	8,270	7,560	8,069	14,590
Court and <u>law</u>	13,630	15,143	16,415	15,830	16,690	15,804	17,044	18,984	19,037	18,484
Charges for <u>services</u>	10,573	13,327	11,999	19,728	23,115	18,489	22,284	21,052	19,709	21,524
Inter- Governmental <u>revenue</u>	7,329	6,667	7,053	7,325	12,295	16,370	18,173	16,724	18,307	17,714
Taxes	\$ 310,619	347,596	341,175	434,471(1)	434,446	458,510	493,493	495,136	493,268	500,725
Fiscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

^{*} The General Fund and Special Services District Fund revenues shown here and at Table II-2 represent a substantial portion of the governmental revenues of the County. These revenues are on a non-GAAP budget basis and are affected by certain revenue recognition adjustments as disclosed on page 17, the General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual -(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

The 1999 General Fund tax revenues above include collections totaling approximately \$43,940,300 of real and personal property taxes related to the final billing of the 1998 tax assessments that occurred in 1999 (1)

Special Services District Fund Revenues by Source*

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

<u>Total</u>	81,592	74,026	73,283	88,403	86,268	92,174	97,688	98,544	106,413	130,297
Misc. & Operating transfers	535	347	837	647	296	426	159	380	283	12,803
Charges for <u>services</u>	2,104	2,311	2,049	2,292	2,106	2,114	2,196	2,698	3,792	4,097
Inter- governmental <u>revenue</u>	167	159	127	163	158	81	2,088	1,948	2,326	2,262
Use of money and property	2,541	3,123	3,313	2,833	3,682	3,401	2,669	2,599	2,855	3,811
Licenses and <u>permits</u>	16,566	20,425	19,920	23,803	22,783	23,361	22,391	21,515	21,799	28,852
other.	28,736	13,959	13,799	13,709	15,197	16,559	20,509	20,579	20,397	21,941
<u>Taxes</u> <u>Property</u>	\$ 30,943	33,702	33,238	44,956(1)	42,046	46,232	48,126	48,825	54,961	56,531
Fiscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

^{*} The Special Services District Fund and General Fund revenues shown here and at Table II-1 represent a substantial portion of the governmental revenues of the County. These revenues are on a non-GAAP budget basis and are affected by certain revenue recognition adjustments as disclosed on page 19, the Special Services District Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures -Budget and Actual – (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

The 1999 Special Services District Fund tax revenues above include collections totaling approximately \$5,424,548 of real and personal property taxes related to the final billing of the 1998 tax assessments that occurred in 1999. Ξ

General Fund Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

	Š	Omer	1,729		1	1	1	I	1	I	I	1
	Local option	sales tax	42,432	55,486	62,241	66,356	70,963	69,941	65,520	63,036	980'89	72,594
	Motor	<u>venicie</u>	20,012	23,782	22,423	25,058	27,979	29,962	28,305	25,916	24,779	23,436
	Intangible	recording	3,909	4,744	7,120	7,015	6,014	9,043	13,321	16,741	12,350	13,661
	Intangible	property	\$	4,204	I	I	ı	I	I	i	I	I
Public	utility	property	13,266	14,789	11,369	17,389	13,154	6,183	7,472	4,919	12,168	I
	General	higherty	229,266	244,591	238,022	318,653	316,336	343,381	378,875	384,524	375,885	391,034
	Total	Taves	\$ 310,619	347,596	341,175	434,471(1)	434,446	458,510	493,493	495,136	493,268	500,725
	Viscol wood	riscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

The 1999 General Fund tax revenues above include collections totaling approximately \$43,940,300 of real and personal property taxes related to the final billing of the 1998 tax assessments that occurred in 1999. (1)

Special Services District Fund Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

	Other	21,907	5,424	5,606	4,998	6,083	7,400	10,161	9,157	9,049	12,212
	Motor <u>vehicle</u>	2,727	3,384	3,303	3,626	4,006	4,081	3,813	3,436	3,078	3,327
	Alcoholic <u>beverage</u>	3,453	3,805	3,720	3,915	4,247	3,719	4,224	4,826	5,364	4,167
	Intangible recording	649	773	1,170	1,170	861	1,359	2,072	2,713	1,870	2,235
	Intangible <u>property</u>	I	573	1	1	i	1	I	I	I	1
Public	utility property	939	626	914	988	777	483	501	447	1,036	1
	General <u>property</u>	30,004	32,723	32,324	44,070	41,269	45,749	47,625	48,825	54,961	56,531
	Total <u>taxes</u>	\$ 59,679	47,661	47,037	58,665	57,243	62,791	968,396	69,404	75,358	78,472
	Fiscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

Debt Service Fund Tax Revenues by Source

(Non-GAAP Basis)

Motor <u>vehicle</u>	954	1,140	1,080	1,338	1,362	854	648	580	541	148
Intangible recording	191	234	360	335	305	271	314	375	277	87
Intangible <u>property</u>	1	179	1	ı	1	1	i	ı	I	I
Utility property	929	746	575	881	429	106	167	110	69	1
Public <u>property</u>	12,632	13,597	13,362	18,048	10,449	8,953	9,445	9,515	2,505	2,571
Total <u>taxes</u>	\$ 14,433	15,896	15,377	20,602	12,545	10,184	10,574	10,580	3,392	2,806
Fiscal year	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

General Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total					Total collections		Outstanding delinquent
Fiscal year	current year C tax	Current ⁽¹⁾ tax collected	Percent of levy collected	Delinquent tax <u>collected</u>	Total tax <u>collected</u>	as percent of current <u>levy</u>	Outstanding delinquent <u>taxes</u>	taxes as percent of current levy
1996	\$ 259,755	\$ 243,219	93.6%	\$ 21,347	\$ 264,566 ⁽²⁾	$101.9^{(2)}$	\$ 38,682	14.9%
1997	268,928	256,684	95.4	25,149	$281,833^{(3)}$	$104.8^{(3)}$	25,795	9.6
$1998^{(4)}$	282,834	277,844	98.2	15,132	292,976	103.6	4,990	1.8
$1999^{(4)}$	304,680	287,358	94.3	6,459	293,817	96.4	17,322	5.7
2000	311,148	295,236	94.9	17,838	313,074	100.6	15,912	8.5
2001	341,734	324,657	95.0	14,587	339,244	99.3	25,912	7.6
2002	358,570	351,745	98.1	15,921	367,666	102.5	9,424	2.6
2003	371,005	365,365	98.5	8,415	373,780	100.8	8,637	2.4
2004	377,362	361,132	95.7	23,045	384,177	101.8	7,375	2.0
2005	384,454	366,850	95.4	18,657	385,507	100.3	8,102	2.1

⁽¹⁾ Current Tax Collections are reported for a six-month period July 1 to December 31 for Real & Personal Property taxes.

⁽²⁾ Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$1,585,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount).

⁽³⁾ Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$5,403,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount).

⁽⁴⁾ The 1998 levy has been adjusted to include \$32,284,904 real and personal taxes that were billed in March 1999 as a result of the 1998 Final Digest approval in February of 1999. This also is reflected in the 1999 tax levy data presented above. Taxes collected data has also been adjusted to include \$43,940,300 real and personal property tax collection in 1999 after the 1998 final tax billing that occurred in 1999.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Special Services District Fund⁽¹⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Outstanding delinquent taxes as percent of current levy	11.9%	7.3	1.3	5.0	6.7	0.9	2.0	1.3	1.2	1.3
Outstanding delinquent <u>taxes</u>										
Total collections as percent of current	$102.5\%^{(3)}$	$104.0^{(4)}$	103.2	9.96	100.0	99.5	102.4	101.5	9.7.6	99.5
Total tax <u>collected</u>	\$ 33,812 ⁽³⁾	$37,071^{(4)}$	38,045	39,153	40,840	45,178	46,819	48,101	53,637	56,327
Delinquent tax <u>collected</u>	\$ 2,665	2,891	1,663	662	1,881	1,689	1,797	1,116	597	2,121
Percent of levy <u>collected</u>	94.4%	95.9	7.86	95.0	95.4	95.8	98.4	99.1	96.5	95.7
Current tax <u>collected</u> ⁽²⁾	\$ 31,147	34,180	36,382	38,491	38,959	43,489	45,022	46,985	53,040	54,206
Total current year tax levy	\$ 32,994	35,650	36,873	40,532	40,844	45,421	45,744	47,425	54,974	56,615
Fiscal year	1996	1997	$1998^{(5)}$	$1999^{(5)}$	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

⁽¹⁾ The Fulton County Special Services District was created as of January 1, 1981. The district boundaries that portion of Fulton County lying outside the corporate limits of any municipality lying in whole or in part in Fulton County and includes revenues and expenditures for County services and programs which are primarily related to the unincorporated areas.

⁽²⁾ Current tax collections are reported for a six-month period from July 1 to December 31 for Real and Personal Property taxes. (3) Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$167,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount). Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$509,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount).

⁽⁵⁾ The 1998 levy has been adjusted to include \$3,900,476 real and personal taxes that were billed in March 1999 as a result of the 1998 Final Digest approval in February of 1999. This also is reflected in the 1999 tax levy data presented above. Taxes collected data has also been adjusted to include \$5,424,548 real and personal property tax collection in 1999 after the 1998 final tax billing that occurred in 1999.

Debt Service Fund Property Tax Levies and Collections

Outstanding delinquent taxes as percent of current levy	14.7%	9.4	4.2	5.6	10.8	9.6	4.1	3.1	8.6	8.9
Outstanding delinquent <u>taxes</u>	\$ 2,051	1,384	647	948	499	838	366	288	206	169
Total collections as percent of current levy	$101.8\%^{(1)}$	$104.6^{(2)}$	103.3	96.5	104.9	101.1	102.9	100.9	103.2	101.9
Total tax collected	\$ 14,217 ⁽¹⁾	$15,456^{(2)}$	16,068	16,298	10,353	8,849	9,258	9,385	2,478	2,528
Delinquent tax <u>collected</u>	\$ 1,129	1,340	775	357	983	521	428	221	177	154
Percent of levy collected	93.7%	95.5	98.3	94.4	94.9	95.1	98.2	9.86	95.8	92.6
Current tax collected	\$ 13,088	14,116	15,293	15,941	9,370	8,328	8,830	9,164	2,301	2,374
Total current year tax levy	\$ 13,965	14,779	15,557	16,889	698'6	8,754	8,994	9,302	2,402	2,482
Fiscal year	1996	1997	$1998^{(3)}_{\odot}$	$1999^{(3)}$	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

⁽¹⁾ Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$83,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount).

⁽²⁾ Includes proceeds from the sale of approximately \$290,000 in delinquent taxes to a factor (no discount).

⁽³⁾ The 1998 levy has been adjusted to include \$1,648,073 real and personal taxes that were billed in March 1999 as a result of the 1998 Final Digest approval in February of 1999. This also is reflected in the 1999 tax levy data presented above. Taxes collected data has also been adjusted to include \$2,283,994 real and personal property tax collection in 1999 after the 1998 final tax billing that occurred in 1999.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value Of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands of dollars)

		<u>Gross assessed</u>	l value			
		Privately				
		owned	Personal	Total		
Fiscal	Real	public	and	assessed	Assessment	Estimated
<u>year</u>	<u>property</u>	<u>utilities</u>	<u>business</u>	<u>value</u>	<u>ratio</u>	actual value
1996	\$ 16,464,209	\$ 1,025,887	\$ 5,060,907	\$ 22,551,003	40%	\$ 56,377,508
1997	17,059,162	1,042,917	5,598,052	23,700,131	40	59,250,328
1998	20,813,090	1,110,800	5,780,350	27,704,240	40	69,260,600
1999	21,473,564	1,110,800	6,084,324	28,668,688	40	71,671,720
2000	23,175,763	1,443,349	6,383,441	31,002,553	40	77,506,383
2001	26,741,670	1,474,252	6,912,927	35,128,849	40	87,822,123
2002	30,279,444	1,088,710	6,748,080	38,116,234	40	95,290,585
2003	33,087,369	1,006,182	6,584,144	40,677,695	40	101,694,238
2004	35,294,429	1,105,766	6,356,263	42,756,458	40	106,891,145
2005	36,850,956	1,216,577	6,418,193	44,485,726	40	111,214,315

Note: The above assessed values may be reduced somewhat due to the following exemptions:

- 1. A special full value homestead exemption is allowed on owner-occupied residences of persons who are age 70 or over who meet certain income requirements. This exemption applies only to Fulton County taxes. State and school taxes are NOT exempt.
- 2. Beginning in 1993, a regular \$15,000 homestead exemption is allowed on all owner occupied homes, except for purposes of school and bond tax levies.
- 3. An exemption is allowed on qualifying real property devoted to agricultural or historic purposes.
- 4. A 100% Freeport exemption exists on applicable business inventories since 1984.
- 5. Assessed values are established by the Fulton County Board of Tax Assessors on January 1 of each year.
- 6. An exemption is allowed for property used in or which is a part of any facility for the primary purpose of eliminating or reducing air or water pollution if the facilities have been certified by the Department of Natural Resources.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Tax Inside and Outside City of Atlanta

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands of dollars)

Fiscal <u>year</u>	Gross real and personal <u>property</u>	Less applicable exemption**	Net real and personal property	Privately owned public utilities	Less Net applicable assessed freeport value
		INSIDE CIT	Y OF ATLANTA	L	
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 9,529,252 \$ 9,802,383 11,552,106 11,689,962 12,430,522 14,977,235 15,820,990 16,938,691 17,846,222 18,439,805	1,189,777 1,212,096 1,269,463 1,271,237 992,584 1,408,674 1,601,698 1,728,205 1,729,564 2,686,423	\$ 8,339,475 8,590,287 10,282,643 10,418,725 11,437,938 13,568,561 14,219,292 15,210,486 16,116,658 15,753,382	674,646 679,233 680,260 680,260 722,993 706,441 686,805 623,977 707,996 699,153	- \$ 9,014,121 - 9,269,520 - 10,962,903 - 11,098,985 - 12,160,931 - 14,275,002 - 14,906,097 - 15,834,463 - 16,824,654 - 16,452,535
		OUTSIDE CI	TY OF ATLANT	A	
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 11,995,864 \$ 12,854,830	1,856,541 1,890,855 1,951,484 2,022,596 2,473,548 2,302,391 2,474,438 2,699,318 2,761,835 3,613,734	\$ 10,139,323 \$ 10,963,975 13,089,850 13,845,330 14,655,134 16,374,971 18,732,096 20,033,504 21,042,635 21,215,610	351,240 363,684 430,540 430,540 720,356 767,811 401,905 382,205 397,770 517,424	- \$10,490,563 - 11,327,659 - 13,520,390 - 14,275,870 - 15,375,490 - 17,142,782 - 19,134,001 - 20,415,709 - 21,440,405 - 21,733,034

Notes:

- 1. The Georgia Constitution provided a homestead exemption of up to \$2,000 on assessments of owner-occupied residences, such exemption being subject to bond taxes only for 1992. Beginning in 1993, a constitutional amendment increased the basic homestead exemption from \$2,000 to \$15,000. 2005: Inside \$ 795,223,880; Outside \$ 1,369,877,890.
- 2. Constitutional amendment provides a homestead exemption of \$4,000, for County Bond, on assessments of owner-occupied residence of persons who meet age and income requirements, such exemption being from all State and County ad valorem taxes. 2005: Inside \$0; Outside \$0.

(Continued)

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property - Tax Inside and Outside City of Atlanta

Last Ten Fiscal Years

- 3. Constitutional amendment provides a homestead exemption of \$10,000, for County Bond, on assessments of owner-occupied residence of persons who meet age and income requirements, such exemption being from all County and school ad valorem taxes, and all city ad valorem tax except bond tax levies. 2005: Inside \$ 64,861,280; Outside \$ 29,264,930.
- 4. Constitutional amendment provides for an urban enterprise zone to exempt certain properties within the zone. 2005: Inside \$ 362,308,951; Outside \$ 93,135,526.
- 5. Constitutional amendment provides a full value homestead exemption on assessment of owner-occupied residence of persons who are 70 years or older who meet income requirements, such exemption being from all Fulton County taxes. State and school taxes are NOT exempt. 2005: Inside \$ 541,625,990: Outside \$ 684,127,000.
- ** Includes 100% freeport exemption on applicable inventory and qualifying real property devoted to agricultural purposes and urban enterprise purposes.

Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>year</u>	County bonds and operating (1)	Special district <u>tax</u>	<u>Schools</u>	<u>State</u>	<u>Total</u> ⁽²⁾
	TAX	X RATES			
	(Rate per \$1,0	00 Assessed V	Value)		
1996	14.01*	4.76**	21.26	0.25	40.28
1997	13.69*	4.76**	20.76	0.25	39.46
1998	13.69*	4.76**	20.76	0.25	39.46
1999	13.69*	4.76**	20.76	0.25	39.46
2000	13.69*	4.76**	20.15	0.25	38.85
2001	13.34*	4.70**	19.02	0.25	37.31
2002	12.81*	4.47**	18.77	0.25	36.30
2003	12.32*	4.31**	18.06	0.25	34.94
2004	11.65*	4.73**	17.61	0.25	34.24
2005	11.65*	4.73**	18.11	0.25	34.74
	TAX	LEVIES (3)			
		housands)			
1996	\$ 273,720	\$ 32,994 \$	243,654	\$ 5,343	\$ 555,711
1997	283,707	35,650	257,156	5,650	582,163
1998	336,416 (4)	41,677 (4)	300,195	6,741	685,029
1999	322,935 ⁽⁴⁾	40,601 (4)	299,083	6,409	669,028
2000	321,017	40,844	293,933	6,424	662,218
2001	350,488	45,421	308,197	7,176	711,282
2002	363,113	45,873	321,534	7,739	738,259
2003	383,722	47,779	343,648	8,512	783,661
2004	379,764	54,974	352,125	8,957	795,820
2005	386,936	56,615	388,428	9,551	841,530

Notes:

- (1) County tax rate is unlimited except for support of Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority not to exceed 7 mills.
- (2) See Tables IV-1, IV-2, and IV-3.
- (3) Taxes are levied on net values (gross less regular homestead exemption) except for bond purposes for which levy is on gross. Special homestead exemptions are allowed on State and County taxes. Taxes are due on July 1 and become delinquent after October 15.
- (4) The total current year tax levy is based on the 1998 assessed values approved on January 6, 1999, but the 1998 collections reported on Table IV-1, IV-2, and IV-3 reflect the payment of tax bills based on the 1997 assessed values.

(Continued)

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies

Last Ten Fiscal Years

* These millage rates were reduced by the following sales tax credits:

```
1996 - 2.28 mills
1997 - 3.45 mills
1998 - 2.26 mills
1999 - 2.45 mills
2000 - 2.40 mills
2001 - 2.27 mills
2002 - 2.06 mills
2003 - 1.81 mills
2004 - 1.65 mills
2005 - 1.75 mills
```

** These millage rates were reduced by the following sales tax credits:

```
1996 - 2.56 mills
1997 - 0 mills
1998 -
         0 mills
1999 -
         0 mills
2000 -
         0 mills
2001 -
         0 mills
2002 -
         0 mills
2003 -
         0 mills
2004 -
         0 mills
2005 -
         0 mills
```

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

Last Ten Fiscal Years Operating and Bond Levies (Rate per \$1,000 Assessed Value)

	ج[٠ ـــ	ion	ᅿ	50	20	7.50	20	20	20	50	50	20	50
	Ü	•	C	City	4	7	7.	7	7.	7.	7.	7.	7.	7.
		City	o	Roswell	6.59	6.59	6.59	6.59	5.81	5.43	5.43	5.17	60'9	60'9
		City	of	<u>Palmetto</u>	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
		City of	Mountain	<u>Park</u>	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	6.80	5.76	7.00	6.95	9.92
		City	Jo	<u>Hapeville</u>	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.00	9.61	9.61	9.61	12.61	12.61
		Ċità	Jo	Fairburn	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	9.00	6.00	5.75	5.45
	City	Jo	East	Point	11.01	11.01	15.00	11.00	10.50	9.00	15.00	12.50	12.37	12.37
lities	City	Jo	College	<u>Park</u>	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	6.93	6.61	9.56	9.56	9.56	9.56
Municipa		City	Jo	<u>Alpharetta</u>	7.88	7.88	7.88	7.88	7.88	7.48	7.23	7.00	7.00	7.00
		Atlanta-	DeKalb	Library	1.87	2.06	2.25	1.97	1.86	1.47	•			
	City	jo	Atlanta	Schools	28.26	26.43	26.43	25.93	24.80	22.06	21.78	21.57	20.98	20.52
		Downtown	development	<u>district</u>	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.22	2.22	2.22	2.50	3.60	4.20	5.00
		City	of	Atlanta	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.39	8.03	7.37	10.86	10.51	10.02	9.57
		State	of	Georgia	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
	,	Special	services	district	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.76	4.70	4.47	4.31	4.73	4.73
	Fulton County			School	21.26	20.76	20.76	20.76	20.15	19.02	18.77	18.06	17.61	18.11
	Fu			General ⁽¹⁾	14.01	13.69	13.69	13.69	13.69	13.34	12.81	12.32	11.65	11.65
			Fiscal	<u>year</u>	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005

(1)Includes bond levy.

Net General Obligation Bonded Debt as Percent of Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In thousands of dollars)

Fiscal <u>year</u>	Population ¹	Assessed <u>value</u>	Gross general obligation bonded <u>debt</u>	Less applicable portion of debt service <u>fund</u>	Net general obligation bonded <u>debt</u>	Net general obligation bonded debt as a percentage of assessed value	Net general obligation bonded debt per <u>capita</u>
1996	745,400 \$	20,302,773**	\$ 82,422	\$ 11,441	\$ 70,981	0.35%	\$ 95.22
1997	760,100	22,396,623**	78,034	15,034	63,000	0.28	82.88
1998	773,300	26,355,064**	73,084	18,555	54,529	0.21	70.51
1999	786,100	27,264,925**	65,127	27,394	37,733	0.14	48.00
2000	816,006	29,507,674**	57,321	29,988	27,333	0.09	33.50
2001	828,100	33,580,823**	49,465	29,751	19,714	0.06	23.81
2002	840,000	36,474,277**	41,469	29,927	11,542	0.03	13.74
2003	850,200	38,902,270**	35,473	30,443	5,030	0.01	5.92
2004	852,500	40,910,888**	24,077	20,808	3,269	0.01	3.83
2005	874,100	42,496,898**	14,381	13,086	1,295		1.48

¹Source: 1996-2005 Atlanta Regional Commission estimates as amended, not including 2000 data. 2000 - Bureau of the Census

^{*} Amounts represent assessed value.
** Amounts represent values assessed for bond purposes.

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

December 31, 2005

Name of governmental unit	 Amount outstanding	Percentage applicable	Amount applicable
Direct and overlapping direct debt:			
Fulton County	\$ 14,381,148	100	14,381,148
Fulton County School District	215,895,000	100	215,895,000
Municipalities:			
Alpharetta	41,896,000	100	41,896,000
Atlanta (including School District)	283,865,000	97	275,349,050
Hapeville	10,505,000	100	10,505,000
Union City	7,720,000	100	7,720,000
Roswell	53,315,000	100	53,315,000
	\$ 627,577,148		619,061,198
Contractual obligations and			
overlapping contractual obligations:			
Building Authority of Fulton County	\$ 84,158,377	100 %	84,158,377
College Park Business and Industrial			
Development Authority	5,020,000	100	5,020,000
The Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority*:			
Revenue Refunding Certificates			
Series 2003	237,115,000	74.7227	177,178,730
City of Atlanta and Fulton County			
Recreation Authority:			
Arena Series 1997	134,900,000	98	132,202,000
Zoo Series 2003	3,115,000	98	3,052,700
East Point Building Authority	32,453,787	100	32,453,787
Downtown Development Authority of the			
City of Atlanta Underground Project	61,280,000	97	59,441,600
	\$ 558,042,164		493,507,194
Total direct and overlapping debt and contractual			
obligations and overlapping contractual obligations	\$ 1,185,619,312		1,112,568,392

^{*} Debt service is a contractual obligation for which the County has financial responsibility determined in part on the basis of its utilization percentage.

Table IX

FULTON COUNTY, GEORGIA

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

December 31, 2005

(In thousands of dollars)

Assessed value	\$	44,485,726
Less:		
Special homestead exemption exempt of all county taxes		(1,225,994)
Freeport exemption	_	(762,834)
Assessed value for bond purposes	\$ _	42,496,898
Debt limit 10% of assessed value	\$_	4,249,690
Less amount of debt applicable to debt limit		
Total general obligation bonded debt		14,381
Less available debt service funds	_	(13,086)
Total amount applicable to debt limit	_	1,295
Legal debt margin	\$ _	4,248,395

Note:

The constitutional debt limit for direct general unlimited tax bonds issued by the Board of Commissioners of Fulton County is 10% of the assessed value of property subject to taxation within Fulton County.

Ratio of General Obligation Bond Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Expenditures and Other Uses of the General Fund

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

Fiscal <u>year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total debt <u>service</u>	Total General Fund expenditures and other uses	Debt service to general expenditures (percent)
1996	\$ 7,249	5,579	12,828	350,804	3.7%
1997	7,748	5,405	13,153	394,218	3.3
1998	7,950	4,871	12,821	442,237	2.9
1999	7,947	4,538	12,485	456,650	2.7
2000	7,806	4,110	11,916	496,209	2.4
2001	7,856	3,731	11,587	536,812	2.2
2002	7,996	3,275	11,271	581,004	1.9
2003	8,062	2,415	10,477	578,917	1.8
2004	11,601	1,947	13,548	569,547	2.4
2005	9,863	1,219	11,082	589,540	1.9

Schedule of Revenue Bond Coverage Fulton County Water and Sewerage System

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Non-GAAP Budget Basis)

Fiscal <u>year</u>	Operating <u>revenue</u> *	Operating expenses*	Net <u>earnings</u> *	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	Coverage
1996	\$ 73,485	32,649	40,836	4,960	9,081	14,041	2.91
1997	91,447	31,619	59,828	5,215	8,840	14,055	4.26
1998	106,762	35,899	70,863	6,045	18,193	24,239	2.92
1999	102,438	43,014	59,424	6,100	18,139	24,239	2.45
2000	108,682	45,317	63,364	6,430	17,812	24,242	2.61
2001	105,844	48,648	57,196	6,790	17,448	24,238	2.36
2002	100,720	45,015	55,705	7,590	16,653	24,243	2.30
2003	100,046	50,480	49,564	8,040	16,198	24,238	2.04
2004	123,676	56,703	66,973	8,655	30,163	38,818	1.73
2005	111,235	61,745	49,489	9,180	29,636	38,816	1.27

^{*} As defined in the Fulton County, Georgia Water and Sewerage Bond Resolutions.

^{**} In November 1992, all then outstanding Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds were refunded by Series 1992 bonds. No principal payments were required in 1992, as the refunding occurred prior to the scheduled December principal payment.

Property Values and Bank Deposits

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fulton County property values(2)			
Fiscal year	Bank Deposits (1)	Commercial	Residential	Nontaxable	
1996	\$18,826,778	\$ 6,223,414	10,240,795	2,352,405	
1997	\$21,655,316	6,464,878	10,594,284	2,450,950	
1998	\$22,528,482	8,123,940	12,689,150	2,824,715	
1999	\$21,042,558	8,395,410	13,078,156	2,828,004	
2000	\$24,558,080	8,955,272	14,220,491	2,760,524	
2001	\$25,300,318	10,119,409	16,622,261	2,809,798	
2002	\$28,416,803	10,906,740	19,372,704	3,188,305	
2003	\$37,713,495	11,583,921	21,503,477	3,177,013	
2004	\$39,266,931	12,209,684	23,084,745	3,184,473	
2005	\$48,088,402	12,389,248	24,461,708	3,284,172	

⁽¹⁾ From Georgia Department of Banking and Finance, as of June 30th 1999 through 2005, and from Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation information as of June 30th 1996 through 1998.

⁽²⁾ Source: Information provided by the Fulton County Tax Commissioner.

Principal Taxpayers

December 31, 2005

			Percentage of total assessed		
	_	Assessment	_value_		Taxes
Ten major taxpayers of 2005:	_			_	
BellSouth Telecommunications	\$	555,971,157	1.25%	\$	10,191,132.21
Development Authority of Fulton County		274,008,370	0.62%		5,377,706.89
Georgia Power		239,210,870	0.54%		4,647,247.09
Cingular Wireless		143,145,180	0.32%		4,148,750.38
Coca Cola		227,653,770	0.51%		4,000,397.38
Cousins Properties		129,364,610	0.29%		2,960,558.79
Delta Airlines		93,095,470	0.21%		2,895,406.89
Concourse Associates		86,381,960	0.19%		2,888,054.88
Ford Motor Company		91,938,440	0.21%		2,353,208.28
Weeks Realty	_	71,292,070	0.16%	-	2,181,499.21
Total ten major taxpayers	\$_	1,912,061,897	4.30%	\$	41,643,962.00
(1) Total County gross assessed value	\$_	44,485,726,000	•		
(2) Estimated portion of above taxes attr	ibut	table to Fulton Cou	inty	\$_	10,519,714.34
(2) Total estimated County tax collection compared to total General and Specia		-	•	_	1.85%

Source: Fulton County Tax Commissioner.

(1) From Table V-1 Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

(2) Source: Fulton County Finance Department

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

Date of Incorporation:

1853

Form of Government:

County Manager and Commission

(seven Commissioners elected)

Area:

523 square miles (including incorporated areas)

Building Permits:

Fiscal <u>year</u>	Permits <u>issued</u>	Value of buildings (thousands)
1996	5,030	\$ 665,652
1997	5,479	745,772
1998	6,420	1,051,472
1999	6,091	910,784
2000	5,482	776,117
2001	5,200	781,767
2002	4,046	886,182
2003	4,908	428,513
2004	5,106	633,318
2005	7,181	792,815

Fire protection

(unincorporated area):

Number of stations

21 402

Number of employees (all)

Police protection

(unincorporated area):

Number of employees 267

Police officers School crossing guards

Civilians

10 83

	<u>2005-04</u>	<u>2004-03</u>	<u>2003-02</u>	<u>2002-01</u>	<u>2000-01</u>	<u>1999-00</u>	<u> 1998-99</u>	<u>1997-98</u>	<u> 1996-97</u>	<u>1995-96</u>
Education:										
Number of schools	88	83	80	79	71	67	65	63	60	55
Number of teachers	5,740	5,339	5,094	4,976	4,488	4,483	4,500	3,943	3,605	3,759
Number of students**	75,533	73,036	71,290	69,709	68,707	67,097	65,572	64,000	61,145	57,338
Students/teachers	13/1	14/1	14/1	14/1	15/1	15/1	15/1	16/1	17/1	15/1
Enrollment:**										
Elementary	35,932	34,765	34,443	34,254	34,383	33,590	33,181	32,614	31,131	29,174
Middle	17,352	16,978	16,436	16,058	15,497	15,048	14,687	14,077	13,516	12,827
High	22,249	21,293	20,411	19,397	18,827	18,459	17,704	17,309	16,498	15,337

^{**} Second month active enrollment

(Continued)

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

Age distribution in census of total county populations:

	<u>1960</u>	<u>1970</u>	<u>1980</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>
Under 5	61,758	51,443	40,242	48,217	56,819
5 - 9	55,858	55,338	43,163	43,704	58,129
10 - 14	49,931	57,245	45,609	40,643	54,118
15 - 19	40,911	56,495	52,578	46,403	55,166
20 - 24	41,810	58,881	60,320	56,317	64,660
25 - 29	37,335	· —	59,503	64,640	_
25 - 34	_	85,719	· 		151,534
30 - 34	37,903	· —	52,435	62,582	
35 - 39	39,215		· —	57,079	
35 - 44	_	69,267	69,233		137,850
40 - 44	37,307			51,878	_
45 - 49	35,250			38,503	_
45 - 54	_	67,391	55,418		109,132
50 - 54	30,997			28,586	_
55 - 59	26,288	28,881	26,702	23,653	35,031
60 - 64	20,120	24,857	23,246	21,954	24,577
65 - 69	16,404		_	20,255	
65 - 74		33,779			35,759
65 and over			61,455	_	
70 - 74	11,599			15,911	_
75 and over	<u>13,640</u>	<u>18,296</u>		<u>28,626</u>	33,231
	<u>556,326</u>	<u>607,592</u>	<u>589,904</u>	<u>648,951</u>	<u>816,006</u>

Fulton County demographic data:

		Average Annual Unemployment rate
	<u>Population</u> *	(<u>percentage</u>)**
1996	745,400	5.0%
1997	760,100	4.6
1998	773,300	4.1
1999	786,100	3.8
2000	816,006	3.7
2001	828,100	4.3
2002	840,000	4.9
2003	850,200	5.8
2004	852,500	5.5
2005	874,100	5.9

*Source: Atlanta Regional Commission population estimates as amended, except 2000, which is from the U.S. Census Bureau.

(Continued)

^{**}Source: Georgia Department of Labor.

Miscellaneous Statistical Data

Principal employers in Atlanta Metro area (per Atlanta Chamber of Commerce as of 2005):

Over 10,000:

AT&T Corporation Communications services BellSouth Telecommunications Communications services Cobb County School System Educational services DeKalb County School System Educational services

Delta Air Lines

Emory University & Hospitals

Fulton County School System Gwinnett County School System

Kroger Company **Publix Supermarkets** Randstad Staffing Services United Parcel Service, Inc United States Postal Service

Wal-Mart Stores

8,000-9,999:

Atlanta Public School System

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Home Depot IBM Corporation

Lockheed Martin Aeronautics

Waffle House

Wellstar Health Systems (Promina)

5,000 - 7,999:

Atlanta - City Municipal Government

Bank of America

Clayton County Board of Education

Coca Cola

Columbia/HCA Georgia

Cox Enterprises DeKalb County **Fulton County**

Fulton-DeKalb Hospital Authority (Grady Health System)

General Motors

Georgia Department of Human Resources

Georgia Institute of Technology Georgia Power Company

Interface, Inc. **Kmart Corporation** Nortel Networks Per-Se Technologies

Rich's-Macy's, Inc. (Federated) Sears, Roebuck and Company

Spherion Corp. Staffmark SunTrust Banks

Turner Broadcasting (Time-Warner) U.S. Department of Treasury W.B. Johnson Property, Inc

Wachovia Bank Winn Dixie Atlanta Transportation services

Educational & Health services

Educational services Educational services Retail services Retail services Employment services Transportation services

Public services Retail stores

Educational services Health services Retail services

Services and manufacturing

Manufacturing Retail services Health services

Governmental services Financial services Governmental services

Retail services Health services Newspaper publishing Governmental services

Governmental services Health services Manufacturing Government services Educational services Public services

Manufacturing services

Retail services

Communication services

Manufacturing Retail services Retail services Employment services **Employment services** Financial services

Communication services Governmental services Property management services

Financial services Retail services

108

Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance
with
Government Auditing Standards

PJC GROUP, LLC

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Fulton County, Georgia Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of Fulton County, Georgia as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated June 9, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted auditing in the United States of America and the standard applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Fulton County, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Fulton County, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we perform tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Commissioners of Fulton County, Georgia, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

PTC Group, LLC

June 9, 2006